Advertising

To a well stocked store, like rain to a thirsty plant enlivens and leaves "silver drops" all around.

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Victoria Times.

A Catchy Advertisement

In an evening paper is like a rainbow in the East. It is a bright pledge of to-morrow's business sunshine.

VOL. 21 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1895. No. 79

IT IS **Impossible**

To describe in this space the many useful and ornamental **Sterling Silver Novelties** to be found in our stock. A new lot just arrived which should interest every lady in Victoria. See display window.

Challoner & Mitchell's, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

Received this day Their First Shipment of

Capes, Jackets, Blazers, Blouses,

...And will have them on view on...

MONDAY at 10 o'clock.

New Styles in DRESS GOODS, TWEEDS, FANCY SATEENS' DUCK SUITS, ETC

Crepons, Newest Wash Fabrics, Newest Fancy Novelties, Scotch Suitings.

Underwear, Plain Hemmed, Hand-drawn, Hemstiched and Embroidered. Swiss and Muslin Embroideries. Silk and Cotton Vests, etc.

DEAUTY DRAWS, and joined to our popular team, Quality, Style and Low Price, irresistably draws to our store the best city patronage.

Special invitation and warm reception for MONDAY, at 10 o'clock, at

THE WESTSIDE.

Armour's ★ Star ★ HAMS AND BACON.

Bacon sliced and beautifully packed in 1 pound boxes.

VERY DELICIOUS.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Phœnix Fire Insurance Co.

HARTFORD, CONN.

Having been appointed agents of Vancouver Island for the above Company, we beg to solicit a share of the patronage of our numerous friends.

SPRATT & MACAULAY, Adelphi Block, 104 Government Street

MONEY TO LOAN.

Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy, But not express'd in fancy; rich not gandy: For the apparel oft' proclaims the man;— SHAKESPEARE.

OUR SPECIALTIES

....Large Complete Stock
....Staff of Competent Workmen
....High Class Work
....Artistic Excellence in every ...detail.

A. GREGG & SON, ...Tailors, Yates Street.

WILDE VERSUS QUEENSBERRY

The Two Principals Give Evidence in the Libel Case This Morning.

Queensberry Admits Writing Alleged Libel, But Says It Was Justified.

London, April 3.—The central court was densely packed to-day to hear the proceedings in the action of Oscar Wilde against the Marquis of Queensberry for libel. Wilde was present and maintained an appearance of unconcern. Queensberry pleaded not guilty, adding that the so-called libel was true and was made known in the interest of public morality. Sir Edward Clark, for the prosecution, reviewed the evidence, dwelling upon the writing of the card, which constituted the libel. The counsel said certain witnesses would deny the testimony of the marquis. The marquis made an attempt to attack Wilde but could not get at him. He also openly libelled Wilde in the latter's house and was put out. Counsel admitted that Wilde had written an extravagant letter to Lord Douglas.

The letter was read, it contained such expressions as "Your rosecleaf lips," "your slim, gilt soul walks between poetry and passion." Wilde then took the stand and detailed his relations with the family of the marquis. Wilde said in 1893 Queensberry came in his house and accused him of having taken rooms for the latter's son. Wilde denied that he had taken rooms for Douglas. On cross-examination Wilde admitted stopping with Douglas and other young men at hotels.

He denied that he "madly adored" a man twenty years his junior. In regard to his productions, he said he did not believe any affected the conduct of its reader.

Wilde admits having given sums of money to certain young men but said there was nothing improper occurred between himself and them. The court then adjourned.

Spring Medicine

LONDON HOSPITAL SARSAPARILLA, 100 Doses for One Dollar, at.....

Cochrane's Drug Store,

Corner of Yates and Douglas Streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED—A respectable girl or woman to do housework, by the day. Apply this evening at 85 Carr st. a2-1t

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—A Steam Launch for $175. Lot on South Turner St. reduced to $750. Five roomed House on Pembroke St., $1,100. $50 cash and $15 per month. 5 acres, all cleared for $900. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

WANTED—To sell a large second hand Cook Stove, with hot water reservoir. All in good repair. Price $14.00. Apply 74 Yates St. ap3-3t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to Mrs. A. H. Winchester, 115 Humboldt Street, City. ap3-1t

WANTED—Bed-sitting or bed and sitting room for young man. Rent moderate. Apply, Newman, Times office. ap3-2t

Underwriters' Sale

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER,

I have been instructed by Messrs. Robert Ward & Co., Limited, to sell by public Auction

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

TUESDAY, April 9th, 1895,

At 12 o'clock noon,

ON PREVOST WHARF, JAMES BAY,

the salvage of the

Wrecked Velos

Consisting of Engine, Boiler, Wheels, Pump, Shafting, Propeller, Capstan, Anchor Chain, Life Preservers, Spars, Sails, Boats, etc.

Terms cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

...ALSO...

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

IN BOND.

SHIP'S STORES

At the Warehouse of Mr. James Stewart, Wharf Street,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.,

Four Cases Split Peas, 2 Cases Apples, 3 Cases Butter, 1 Case Cream Tartar, 2 Tubs Butter, 2 Cases Canned Cabbage, 2 Cases Prunes, 2 Cases Soap, 1 Case Raisins, 2 Bales Tobacco, 1 Package Plug Tobacco.

Terms Cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

ap3

3 EXTRA NIGHTS. 3

..CITY MARKET HALL..

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

April 4, 5 and 6.

PROF. O. R. GLEASON,

THE HORSE TRAINER.

Prices to suit the times. Admission only 10 cents; balcony chairs only 25 cents.

Additional new advts. on page 8.

DAY'S DOINGS IN THE STATES

Disastrous Storm Visits Tampa, Florida, Wrecking a Large Cigar Factory.

The Job Printers of Detroit Strike for an Increase of Wages —Other News.

Tampa, Fla., April 3.—A wind storm yesterday wrecked Armelia's cigar factory, scattering the stock. The loss is $30,000. No insurance.

Laporte, Ind., April 3.—In a runaway accident near South Bend last night, two children of James Hicks were trampled to death. Hicks and his wife were thrown from the wagon, both sustaining serious injuries. The horses took fright at a passing train.

Antiquity, O., April 3.—The passenger steamer Iron Queen was burned here today. One chamber maid is missing.

Huntingdon, Pa., April 3.—The Ensign Car and Manufacturing company will resume operations on Monday, employing 1200 men.

Washington, April 3.—Ex-Congressman Wilson was sworn in Postmaster-General this morning.

Artist Ives, who is to paint a picture of Cleveland at the instance of Don Dickinson, will probably begin work to-day.

St. Louis, Mo., April 3.—The St. Louis Iron Mountain Railroad has served notice of its withdrawal from the Western Trunk line committee.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 3.—General Jordan, a veteran of the rebellion died yesterday.

Galena, Kan., April 3.—James Walters residing near this city, on his father's farm yesterday, inveigled the two sons of farmer Cox, whose farm adjoins, to go duck shooting. Subsequently Walters returned alone and attempted to rape Cox's daughter. The Cox boys found the latter dying, having been shot by Walters. Walters escaped.

Detroit, Mich., April 3.—The job printers struck to-day for an increase of wages.

Boston, Mass., April 3.—The testimonial to D. Smith, author of the hymn "America," took place in the music hall and consisted of singing, music and addresses. The principal celebration occurs this evening.

"A CHIP OF THE OLD BLOCK."

Tupper Denies That He Ever Resigned or Even Thought of it.

St. John, N. B., April 3.—In an interview yesterday Sir Hibbert Tupper denied having resigned his portfolio or even having talked of doing so and had not absented himself from cabinet meetings. He blamed the Ottawa newspaper men for inventing the story and declared that they were a disgrace to the profession. Tupper is going to Antigonish to take part in the bye-election. The news that he had resigned was first sent out by correspondents of government papers.

NEWFOUNDLAND DELEGATES.

First Meeting of the Confederation Conference Held This Afternoon.

Ottawa, April 3.—The Newfoundland delegates, Messrs. Bond, Morris, Emmerson, and Howard, arrived here this afternoon. They were met at the depot by Premier Bowell and Messrs. Caron and Haggart. An informal meeting was held in the afternoon to arrange for the order of the conference, which is to take place at the premier's office. J. J. Payne, private secretary to Bowell, is to be secretary of the conference.

RAILROAD LEGISLATION.

Important Bill to be Introduced at the Coming Session.

Toronto, April 3.—At the coming session of Dominion parliament W. F. McLean, M. P. for East York, will introduce a bill to prohibit railway companies from employing any person as engineer who has not been employed for at least five years as fireman on a locomotive, or as a conductor, who has not been employed for at least four years as a brakeman. It is also designed that the bill shall make it unlawful for a railway to use any locomotive that is not equipped with an air brake in proper working order, or to run a train of cars, which are not so equipped with air brakes that the driver can control the speed without requiring the assistance of hand brakes, or use on its line any locomotive or cars not equipped with automatic couplers in proper working order so that such locomotives and cars can be coupled without it being necessary for the men to go in between the ends of the cars.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Kingston to Have a Blast Furnace and Steel Plant if the People Say So.

Oldest Official of the Province of Ontario Dead—A Big Fire in Toronto.

Chatham, Ont., April 3.—The body of Wm. Potter, employed at the Merchants' Bank, was found near the Chatham Pacific crossing. There are no bruises on the body, and Potter is supposed to have fallen down.

Kingston, April 3.—The civic committee have closed with the Dominion Steel and Blast Furnace Co., of Youngstown, Ohio, for the erection of a blast furnace and steel plant here. The report is to be submitted to the electors asking for permission to raise by way of loan $250,000, granting of exemption from taxation for a term of years on the site, which is to be given free for the works. The by-law will likely carry.

Joseph Northar, the oldest official in Ontario, having been in office for fifty years, died at Cataraqui. He was born in England and leaves a large family.

Toronto, April 3.—Arthur W. Godson, the well known contractor, has made an assignment. A few years ago he was reported to be worth well on to $400,000, but like many others in Toronto he carried too much real estate and fell under the load.

The Tutti Frutti Chewing gum factory and adjoining premises was destroyed by fire early this morning. Loss, $200,000.

Montreal, April 3.—The Conservative convention at Vercheres, nominated F. J. Bissaillon for the commons.

Pierre Allin, 32 Duke street, while crossing the Lachine canal broke through the rotten ice and was drowned.

FRANCE'S REPLY.

French Foreign Minister to Answer Sir Edward Grey.

Paris, April 3.—It is announced that the French foreign minister will reply to-day to the declarations made by Sir Edward Grey, a few days ago in the British Commons regarding the Congo possessions.

NATIVE VICTORY.

African Chief Captures the Stronghold of Kong.

Paris, April 3.—A dispatch from St. Louis, Senegal, says that the African chief Ramiry, has captured the stronghold of Kong, and Comonteil's French column is in a critical condition.

NEW SYSTEM PREDICTED.

Balfour Looks for an Agreement on a New Medium of Exchange.

London, April 3.—Hon. A. J. Balfour, M.P., in an address before the bimetallists' league predicted an early agreement to introduce into international transactions some medium of exchange less hurtful to industry than the present system.

London, April 3.—The cabinet met today, Lord Rosebery presiding.

CUBAN REBELLION.

Agents in New York to use Efforts on Behalf of the Cubans.

Washington, April 3.—Some curiosity is expressed here as to the movements of "Generals" Maceo, Crombe and Milanes, who sailed a week ago from Port Limon for New York. All three were prominently connected with the Cuban revolution of twenty years ago. They with Maximo Gomez, were charged with having sold the Cuban cause. It is thought they will make their headquarters in New York and use their efforts to promote the rebellion from that point by securing subscriptions and enlistments for the insurgents.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Appointment of City Officials to be Made To-morrow Evening.

Nanaimo, April 3.—The all important question of settling the appointment of the city clerk and other officials will be undertaken by the city council to-morrow evening. There appears to be quite a little friction between certain aldermen in reference to the matter, and therefore it is watched with interest by the citizens.

The football season is about closed, but it is expected the Second Victoria Rubgy team will play the Second Hornets in this city.

The E. & N. Railway Company intend running two trains between this city and Wellington on Friday, Saturday and Sunday. The business men are much pleased at this step by the company.

The city council are calling for tenders for the position of assessor. There are those who think that this is rather a queer proceeding, as a man who is entirely ignorant of the duties is liable to receive the appointment on a low tender.

A cold in the throat is cured by using Adams' Horehound Tutti Frutti. Refuse imitations.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Ernest Gregory Nominated to Oppose D. C. Fraser in Guysboro.

Ottawa, April 2.—Only one survey party will go to Alaska this year in connection with the delimitation of the boundary. It will be in charge of William Ogilvie, the well-known surveyor.

It appears that the collection of the 12 1-2 per cent. royalty on British copyright works does not cease until the expiration of this parliament. It was originally proposed to cease last week, but the law was amended.

Professor Saunders and Douglas Stewart, inspectors of penitentiaries, leave to-morrow to visit the eastern penitentiaries to endeavor to put the penal farms on a less costly basis. The men in charge will be instructed by Professor Saunders as to the most economical methods.

The government will not enforce the law prohibiting the depositing of mill rubbish in streams, it being the intention to legislate on the subject during the coming session.

The territorial exhibition to be held at Regina next August will be opened by Lord Aberdeen. The affair promises to be very successful. The Dominion contributes $25,000 towards the expenses.

A request has reached the interior department for a supply of Canadian handbooks for use in England as school readers.

The mounted police force will be reduced to 800 this year.

Winnipeg, April 2.—It is reported that the Northern Pacific are considering the advisability of an extension of their Portage branch from Portage la Prairie sixty miles northward along the shores of Lake Manitoba.

A deputation representing the various town in the constituency of Brandon have waited upon Mr. Stewart Mulvey to ask him to run as a McCarthyite candidate in the constituency. Mr. Mulvey promised to consider the matter and give an answer in a few days.

Premier J. H. Turner, of British Columbia, passed through the city to-day accompanied by Mrs. Turner on the way to England.

May 3 will be Arbor Day in Manitoba.

Dunnville, April 2.—Hon. Dr. Montague is here preparing for his election. He is received most enthusiastically everywhere, and it not believed that any opposition will be offered to his return. Dr. Baxter, M.L.A., and other prominent Reformers, say no one will take the field against the doctor.

London, April 2.—At a largely attended meeting of the Lambton F.F.A. a resolution was unanimously carried condemning both the Conservative and Reform parties, and recommending the grand executive to call a convention of independent electors to meet in Toronto and organize a new party, to be known as the Progressives.

Halifax, April 2.—Ernest Gregory has been chosen as the Conservative candidate for the Commons for Guysboro.

Stratford, April 2.—Robert Smith, of Elma, is nominated for the Commons by the Patrons of North Perth.

PREPARING FOR MILLENNIUM.

A Crazed Father Throws Away the Food and Clothing of his Family.

Toledo, O., April 3.—A strange condition of affairs was discovered last night at the home of Gideon Gaff. Shrieks and groans were heard and the police tried to enter the house. They were forced to break in when they found both Gaff and his wife armed with clubs and nearly devoid of clothing, while seven children stood around them almost unclad. Three days ago Gaff claimed he had received a message from God to the effect that the millenium was close at hand and to prepare for it. They had thrown away every article of food and all their clothing and bedding except enough to prepare crude ascension robes. The little ones were almost famished as none of them had had anything to eat for three days. Gaff was taken to the Toledo asylum, while the family was turned over to the authorities for care and attention.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CAREER.

Rev. James Kane, late of the U. S. navy Yard, Dying in England.

New York, April 3.—Rev. James J. Kane, D. D., late chaplain of the Brooklyn navy yard, is reported dying of pneumonia in England. Mr. Kane had an extraordinary career. He won fame in the navy during the civil war. After the war, while his ship was quartered in Jamaica he caught the yellow fever and died as far as appearances went. He was placed in his coffin, but although apparently dead, he saw and heard everything that passed. After 8 hours in the coffin, he sat up, to the terror of the colored man who was watching over him. Some years later, while in Norfolk navy yard, a chaplain, he appeared to die the second time and remained in a cataleptic state for 48 hours. When he was resuscitated he left the navy yard, and completing his studies, joined the church. Mr. Kane obtained leave of absence this time last year and soon after was placed on the retired list. He has quite a number of medals for bravery in battle.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Mrs. Ballington Booth Speaks Before the St. Louis Merchants' Exchange.

St. Louis, April 3.—At the closing hour to-day President Booth called the Merchants' Exchange to order and requested Mr. Murray Carlton to introduce Mrs. Ballington Booth, of the Salvation Army. Mrs. Booth said this was the first time she had ever had the honor of addressing such an audience, and she fully realized the necessity of speaking to the point and briefly. She referred to the former contempt the Salvation Army was held and the way in which its soldiers were avoided in the highway, and of the change which had come over the people. Now, instead of a feeling of repugnance, the churches and people were lending their aid in every way. "The Salvation Army," she said, "is not organized for the purpose of taking away from any churches its members, but to bring them more members by redeeming from sin and darkness those who are found in the highways and by-ways, the poor, needy, and the fallen." Mrs. Booth's remarks were listened to attentively, and at the close the applause was long and loud.

NEVADA MINT ROBBERY.

Discovery of Another Bogus Gold Bar—Shortage Larger Than Expected.

Carson, Nevada, April 3.—Inspector of the United States mint Mason yesterday announced the discovery of a bar of bullion which was registered as gold, but which in fact contained no gold whatever. A detective from San Francisco told a friend yesterday morning that the shortage was much larger than has ever been published.

A QUARTETTE OF CROOKS.

Arrested at Denver, Col., After a Successful Tour.

Denver, Col., April 3.—Larry King, Harry Williams, C. J. Edwards and F. Clark alias Williams, well known crooks, are under arrest here. The first three have operated together, having against them a $9000 diamond robbery at Baton Rouge and another of the same amount at New Orelcans, last year. Clark is an escaped convict from Utah.

THE SMALLEST WOMAN.

Paying a Visit to Her Cousin, Who is Also a Dwarf.

Key West, Fla., April 3.—For the first time a woman appeared here yesterday, who is said to be the smallest person in the world. She is Miss Isabella Pinder of Spanish Wells in the Bahama Islands, and is 35 years old, 30 inches tall and weighs less than 50 pounds. Her physical development is perfect. She is on a visit to her cousin here, "General" Abe Sawyer, who is 31 years old, 41 inches tall and weighs 50 pounds.

MONTANA'S SCHOOL TROUBLES.

Government Have Broken Faith With the Catholics.

St. Louis, Mo., April 3.—Archbishop Kain arrived home yesterday from an extended visit in the east. Concerning the scaling down of the allotment money for the support of Catholic Indian schools he said: "I think the government has broken faith. The Catholics established Indian schools as did the Protestant denominations at the request of the government, which promised to maintain the schools if the church built them. The Catholics built more schools and had more pupils than the others. Of course the Catholics were entitled to larger appropriations and if the got $400,000 and the others only $1,000 the reason was to be found in their devotion to the work and their liberality. The success of the Catholics caused jealousy and the reduction of the appropriations, which was a breach of contract on the part of the government."

MAY SELL OLEOMARGARINE.

Upper Court Reversed a Decision of a Justice of the Peace.

Pittsburgh, Pa., April 3.—An opinion was handed down by Judge White in Common Pleas court No. 2 yesterday, refusing a mandamus and striking off the appeal in oleomargarine cases. The opinion was filed in the case of J. E. Gibson and six others, who appealed from the judgment of Justice of the Peace J. N. Courtney, by whom they were fined $100 and costs for selling oleomargarine. In concluding his opinion the judge said: "I may be pardoned for saying in regard to the act of April 21, 1885, that it is unwise and unjust. Much of the oleomargarine is as pure and wholesome and in every way as good as a great deal of genuine butter. Like all similar acts, where the informer gets a share of the fine, it is very frequently perverted to mercenary purposes and to the encouragement of disreputable practices."

MISUNDERSTANDINGS.

Some Famous Old Bulls of Various Nationalities.

The saying that speech was given to us to conceal our thoughts has been attributed to many men. Talleyrand, as is only natural, is often credited with it, and whether he said it or not, he certainly acted upon it; but, long before the Bishop of Autun learned to practise the art of transgiversation, Oliver Goldsmith had written that "the true use of speech is not so much to express our wants as to conceal them;" and earlier still Samuel Butler had said, in his satirical character of a "Modern Politician"—a character hardly yet out of date—"He who does not make his words rather serve to conceal, than discover the sense of his heart, deserves to have it pulled out, like a traitor's, and shown publicly to the rabble." It is evident that the idea was no novelty, but was common to many writers, although it was not always ferociously expressed as by the author of "Hudibras." But apart from the intentional use of speech to conceal the thought the saying is always receiving illustration from the endless misunderstandings that arise from the ignorant use, or rather, the misuse of words.

Many instances of a ludicrous meaning being conveyed, entirely different from that intended by the use of wrong words, or the wrong arrangement of phrases, may be observed in public notices. It is by no means necessary to go to Swiss hotels or foreign health resorts to find choice specimens of English, "as she is wrote." The notice, "anyone trespassing on these grounds, without permission, will be prosecuted," was posted up in Ireland, and on that ground, may perhaps be excused; but the following intimation, which appeared some years ago at an English watering place, was really alarming: "Visitors are cautioned against bathing within a hundred yards of this spot, several persons having been drowned here lately by order of the authorities. The following specimen was to be seen by the side of a high road near Canterbury a year or two ago. "Traction-engine and other persons taking water from this pond will be prosecuted."

Even churches are not always free from slips of this kind, or, at least, from the use of words capable of a very different interpretation from that intended. What can be thought of this awful suggestion which appears on the book-ledge of a suburban church: "All kneelers should be hung up at the end of the service"?

Shop windows form another happy hunting ground for curiously worded announcements. "Hair cut while you wait" in a barber's window is absolute enough, but it is not double edged like some other examples of shop aids of misunderstanding, as the tempting notice of a dealer in cheap shirts: "They won't last long at this price!" Worse still was the admonition which appeared in the window of a cheap restaurant: "Dine here, and you will never dine anywhere else."

The most straightforward sentences, or the plainest questions may be misunderstood, either purposely or through ignorance. It was recently related of Mr. Toole that not long ago he entered a dairy and solemnly remarked to the shopman: "I will take a boy," with a glance at the shelves. "A boy, sir?" asked the puzzled dairyman. "Yes, or a girl," replied Toole. The man never doubted but his visitor was a lunatic, and said mildly: "Pardon me, this is a milk shop." "Come outside," said the joker, and taking the dairyman by the arm led him outside of the shop and pointed to the sign. "I'll take a boy and a girl," he solemnly repeated. "Read what your notice states: 'Families supplied in any quantity?'" Ignorance is only at the root of misunderstanding, such as the reply of a witness in a Midland police court, who, being asked, "Are you an agnostic?" replied, "No, your worship; a shoemaker!" Another witness at a county court was asked lately, as he appeared in the box, "Have you sworn?" and replied, "Well not much; but I have sworn a little this morning;" an answer that affected even the gravity of the judge. But the swearing was outdone by an Irishman who had to appear as a witness. "What did you do, Pat?" asked a friend afterwards. "They says, 'Swear' and I says '——,' and begorra they turned me out!"

Perhaps ignorance has not so much to do with the answer of the individual enjoying a standing seat at the theatre, who, on being sarcastically asked by a gentleman, whose view he obstructed, whether he was aware that he was opaque, denied the charge and said he was O'Brien.

But ignorance pure and simple will account for many absurdities. Many years ago a certain magnate in the west of England—doctor of divinity and chairman of the quarter sessions—was also an enthusiast geologist. One day a farmer who had seen him presiding on the bench, was riding along a quiet road, when he discovered the magistrate by the roadside on a heap of stones, which he was engaged in breaking with a small hammer, in the course of a hunt for fossils. The farmer reined up his his horse, and for a minute gazed open-mouthed; then, shaking his head over the changeableness of all things human, exclaimed in tones of the deepest commiseration: "What, doctor! be you come to this a'ready?"

The late Duke of Rutland, walking one morning in the grounds of Belvoir, met a gamekeeper's little girl. "Well, little, one," he said, "and what do you call yourself?" "For what we are about to receive may the Lord make us truly thankful," was the child's astonishing reply; but its irrelevance was explained when it was discovered that the child's mother had said to her "If you meet the duke be quite sure to say 'Your Grace.'"

An Irish member of parliament, it is related, was giving a small dinner party, at which one of the guests was a priest of no small consideration among the electors of the member's constituency. A goose happened to make its appearance on the table, and someone asked the priest what was Latin for goose. The reverend gentleman, whose scholarship was rather shaky, hesitated, and the host, jealous of his guest's reputation, whispered, "Anser." The ecclesiastic got very red in the face and figeted in his chair, but did not speak; whereupon the anxious host, with the best intentions in the world, again whispered, rather more loudly, "Anser, anser." The priest turned upon him in undisguised anger, and roared, "Answer yourself, sorr!"

An old west country cottager, speaking of her son, a sailor, to a district visitor, said: "Ah, ma'am, my son that has been up to the North Pole, he tells me some things that I really can't believe, though he's my son. He tells me, ma'am, that he has seen with his own eyes 'icebugs' as big as a church!"

Misunderstandings of—another class arise from purposely arranged or accidental double meanings. In Moore's "Diary" there is a story of a man selling a horse. The would-be purchaser, anxious about his leaping powers, asks "Would he take timber?" "He'd jump over your head," replies the seller." "I don't know what you call that." A less intentional opening for misunderstanding was made by a lady, who, having been reading one of Mr. Augustus Hare's guide books, left it in her hotel bedroom, and did not remember it until just as she was leaving the hostelry, when she astonished the attendant landlord and servants by calling loudly to her maid: "Oh, Eliza, Eliza, I've left my hare on the dressing table!" In a recently published volume of essays of universal brightness and interest, Sir Herbert Maxwell tells a tale of a former Earl of Mayo, who had imported some Emus, and, going to London, left strict orders that he was to be informed when they began to lay. In a few days he received the following letter from his bailiff: "My lord, I have the honor to announce that one of the Emus has begun to lay. In the absence of your lordship, I have put the eggs under the biggest goose we have."

The most civilly worded remark and the plainest question may alike be misunderstood, either innocently or by humorous malice. Some months ago a new story of Miss Edgeworth's appeared in print. She and her sister had been staying with Lord Lansdowne at Bowood, and, on the morning of their departure, as their host was handing the novelist to the carriage, he said, very courteously, "I am sorry you cannot stay longer," to which came the unlooked-for retort, "Oh, but my lord, we can!" There was only one course open. The trunks were taken down and the carriage sent away, and, to the consternation of their host, the ladies re-entered the house.

A visitor at Niagara once got a reply which was by no means the answer he expected. He was watching the car start which is raised or lowered on the inclined plane by steam power, but, not liking the look of the track, did not go down himself. After the car had started he turned to the man in charge and said: "Suppose, sir, that rope should break?" The visitor was thinking of possible danger; the man only thought of business, and replied: "Oh, they all paid before they went."—The Cornhill Magazine.

ANOTHER PARK.

London Congratulates Itself upon Seven More Open Acres.

The dedication of Lincoln's Inn Fields to the use of the people of London for the next 607 years, says the London Chronicle, marks the successful close of a long struggle. The movement for the acquisition of these pleasant seven acres and a quarter, with their shady trees and thick shruberies, had already taken strong hold of the public mind before the days of the county council, but all overtures had failed to move the trustees to throw open the gardens to general use. They could not but recognize the advantages of such an open space to the multitudes of children in the thickly populated streets off three sides of the fields, but they were bound by act of parliament and there was no force capable of persuading parliament to unbind them. After two vain attempts the council succeeded last year in obtaining the necessary parliamentary powers, and its parks committee has been in possession on its behalf since November last. The work of renovation will now proceed space. It is much needed, certainly, for in spite of the preliminary work of the parks' committee, the fields are marked by the inevitable neglect of a season of transition. In due time they will form one of the most pleasant and refreshing oases in the wilderness of central London.

MR. GEO. MERRETT
Toronto, Ontario.

As Well as Ever

After Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cured of a Serious Disease.

"I was suffering from what is known as Bright's disease for five years, and for days at a time I have been unable to straighten myself up. I was in bed for three weeks; during that time I had leeches applied and derived no benefit. Seeing Hood's Sarsaparilla advertised in the papers I decided to try a bottle. I found relief before I had finished taking half of a bottle. I got so much help from taking the first bottle that I decided to try another, and since taking the second bottle I feel as well as ever I did in my life." GEO. MERRETT, Toronto, Ont.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy of action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

With E. B. EDDY'S Matches

A point has been reached where all demands made upon them are fully satisfied

They represent the highest attainment known in modern match making.

GROCERIES.

Butter, California Square, per square, 40c.
Ham, per lb. ..... 15c.
Cottolene, per lb. ..... 12 1-2c.
Finnan Haddie, per lb. ..... 10c.
Christie's Biscuits just in.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 38 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

From the Orient

ANOTHER BIG LINE OF

Japanese Rugs

Great variety of sizes and colorings

YOU should see these Goods for everyone marvels at their cheapness.

THE JAPANESE are a clever people, and they excel in the production of these Handsome Floor Coverings.

WEILER BROS.,

51 to 55 Fort Street.

For Sale or Rent.

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

ALASKA BOUNDARY SURVEY

Text of a Report Read Before Seattle Chamber of Commerce on Monday.

Pacific States Merchants to Organize to Look After American Interests.

At a meeting of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce on Monday evening the following report regarding the Canadian-Alaskan boundary was submitted by a committee appointed to investigate the matter:

Seattle, April 1, 1895.

To the Honorable Board of Trustees, Seattle Chamber of Commerce, city: Gentlemen—We, the undersigned, your investigating committee, appointed at the meeting of March 5, 1895, to examine into certain matterts affecting the protection of American interests in Alaska, particular reference being made to the question of the permanent boundary between Alaska and British Columbia, and to determine upon the necessity for prompt and vigorous action on the part of this organization in relation thereto, respectfully beg leave to submit herewith the result of our careful investigation and to recommend to your honorable body such a course of procedure as seems to us most necessary under the circumstances.

The main point now at issue is the establishment of a permanent boundary line between the territory of Alaska and British Columbia, from Cape Chacon, the southernmost point of Prince of Wales island, on the southeastern coast of Alaska, in latitude 50 degrees 40 minutes north to a certain point on the 141st meridian west, and in respect thereto we have found the following facts to exist, viz.:

(1.) That under the treaty of 1825 between Russia and Great Britain this boundary was expressly defined as follows:

"Sec. 3. The line of demarkation between the concessions of the high contracting parties upon the coast of the continent and the islands of America to the northwest shall be drawn in the following manner: Commencing from the southernmost point of the island called Prince of Wales Island, which point lies in the parallel of 54 degrees 40 minutes north latitude, and between the 131st degree and the 133rd degree of west longitude, the same line shall ascend to the north along the channel called Portland channel as far as the point of the continent where it strikes the 56th degree of north latitude; from this last mentioned point the line of demarkation shall follow the summit of the mountains situated parallel to the coast, as far as the point of intersection of the 141st degree of west longitude (of the same meridian), and finally, from the said point of intersection, the said meridian line of the 141st degree, in its prolongation as far as the frozen ocean, shall form the limit between the Russian and British possessions on the continent of America to the northwest.

"Sec. 4. That wherever the summit of the mountains which extend in a direction parallel to the coast, from the 56th degree of north latitude to the point of intersection of the 141st degree of west longitude, shall prove to be at a distance of more than ten marine leagues from the ocean, the limit between the British possessions and the line of the coast which is to belong to Russia, as above mentioned, shall be formed by a line parallel to the windings of the coast, and which shall never exceed the distance of ten marine leagues therefrom."

2. That contrary to the original supposition, we ascertain no defined mountain chain parallels this coast, but that there exists, instead, merely a vast jumble of peaks and spurs.

(3.) That, consequently, the line of demarkation, as set forth above, was, in the absence of this parallel range, interpreted to mean that particular line specified in the treaty of 1825 as being drawn from the 56th degree of north latitude to the point of intersection of the 141st degree of west longitude "parallel to the windings of the coast," which, in other words may mean "parallel to tide water as nearly as may be."

(4.) That this line, so drawn, has been recognized by the civilized world from 1825 to about 1884, and that it appears to have been so recognized by the Canadian government, on the official maps of that government, as late as the date last mentioned.

(5.) That this line was recognized at the time Alaska was purchased from Russia by the United States in 1867, and that the above given definition, as determined by the treaty of 1825, was incorporated, verbatim, in the contract for said purchase.

(6.) That United States troops were stationed at Fort Tongass at the mouth of "Portland Canal" soon after the purchase of Alaska in 1867 to about 1887, and customs officers were maintained at said point as late as 1889, meeting with no protest whatsoever from the Canadian government, or any other powers of the world.

(7.) That both the Portland channel and the Behm canal were well known, and were noted and recognized on the marine charts of this coast, at the time of the treaty of 1825, and have been since said dates.

(8.) That some time after, Missionary Duncan, to avoid the interference, if not the persecutions of his religious superiors, together with controversy over the titles to land which had been settled upon at old Metlakatla, where his mission was located, withdrew from his station at Port Simpson, B. C., where he had gathered a large native following, and located upon Annette island, lying at the mouth of Behm canal, immediately east of Prince of Wales Island.

(9.) That the subsequent use of this island at the discretion of the interior department of the United States was granted to the Rev. Mr. Duncan, exclusively, by a formal act of the United States congress.

(10.) That shortly before this time the Canadian government appears to have awakened from its sleep of 60 years, no doubt aroused by the fact that a large number of natives were transferred from Canadian soil by Mr. Duncan's withdrawal, and recognizing more fully the advantages to be gained from a possession of the best harbors of that coast, altered the international boundary on their maps so as to include these harbors and to again include Mr. Duncan's colony; that to so do they indicated that line as proceeding directly north from Cape Chacon, through the west arm of Behm canal, and eastward to an intersection with the 56th degree of north latitude, and the Canadian press is now asserting that the government "has reason to believe" that the words "Portland Canal" were not in the original treaty of 1825, "or if so," that Behm canal was the inlet intended, and, furthermore, denying the right of the United States to proceed eastward from Cape Chacon to the mouth of the Portland channel, under the terms of the said treaty of 1825, while ignoring, at the same time, the fact that their own line proceeds in that direction to a nearly equal distance before intersecting the stated 56th degree of north latitude.

(11.) That from this latter point of intersection the Canadian government, fully alive to the lack of facilities for reaching and controlling the vast resources and the growing trade of the interior without the possession of these harbors, appears to have drawn an arbitrary line to the west of these waters, following the text of the said treaty of 1825 in no well understood particular, but cutting off the heads of all the largest and best inlets in a manner calculated to give to British Columbia the most valuable, and, in fact, the only distributing points from which the interior can at present be reached from this coast, and thereby well calculated to greatly injure American commerce with Alaska.

(12.) That the American territory they would thus add to British Columbia is represented by a strip about 600 miles in length and varying with the windings of the coast in breadth, including many valuable islands.

(13.) That under article I of the convention of July 22, 1892, between Great Britain and the United States a commission was organized for the express purpose of "providing for the delimitation of the existing boundary between the United States and her majesty's possessions in North America, in respect to such portions of said boundary line as may not in fact be permanently marked in virtue of treaties heretofore concluded," and that the said commission, by the terms of a supplemental convention of March 28, 1894, is to make its final report to the high contracting parties before December 31, 1895.

(14.) That both governments have had large engineering parties in the field for the purpose of obtaining data upon which to base "future negotiations with a view to determining and ascertaining boundary," and that it was ascertained that the Canadian engineers have, apparently, devoted great energy to a method of photographing the jumbled mountains in such a manner as to give them continuity, in the endeavor to prove the existence of a definite chain paralleling the coast along the lines they wish established, thus defeating the "ten marine league" limit that has been recognized for seventy years as the legal boundary.

* * * * * * * * *

While the above mentioned points are sufficient to a good understanding of the great question at issue, and would seem to prove conclusively the injustice of the Canadian claims against our possessions, yet our investigations have unearthed many other facts of interest and of importance, all of which tend to prove the right and title of the United States to that territory claimed by them to-day, and it is to be regretted that any circumstances should have compelled the recognition of adverse claims by the United States.

No one who is at all conversant with the wonderful resources of "our big ice box," as Alaska has been slightingly termed, can deny that is is to-day one of the most profitable investments ever made by our government. Its rigorous climate will prove no bar to its rapid development. Just as Oregon, including our own great state of Washington, was once maligned, apparently scorned and almost rejected as worthless, through ignorance of and even carelessness as to its immense value, so the magnificent territory of Alaska has suffered at the same hands, and is even suffering to-day. The people of British Columbia, on the other hand, have for many years seen the advantages to be be gained by a control such as this contemplated change of the boundary would give them, and the lines have been cunningly set to that end.

The press of British Columbia to-day, while strongly advocating the seizure of these points of vantage, seem to seek to disguise the importance of the matter, belittling it in the hope, presumably, of distracting the attention of the American public until such time as their plans may have been fulfilled beyond possible protest.

Our loss would surely be their incalculable gain, and the people of Seattle would be the first to feel it.

Therefore, your committee, while fully recognizing that the points at issue involve questions of law as regards the interpretation and construction of the treaty of 1825, upon the basis of such data as shall have been obtained by the commission of 1892, and while believing that the protection of American rights and interests may well be intrusted to the hands of our general government, and that they will be fully safeguarded, yet, in view of the ignorance which exists on the part of an overwhelming majority of the American people in regard to all the facts and points of interest whatsoever affecting Alaska and Alaskan interests, your committee would now unanimously and warmly recommend and urge your honorable body to enlist itself at once in the active defence and earnest support of the interests of that vast and undisputably rich territory; to organize, on the lines laid down at your meeting of March 5, 1895, a permanent committee on Alaska, whose duty it shall be to disseminate such information as will awaken the people of the United States to a full sense of the importance to them of maintaining the absolute integrity of these possessions as they now stand.

In conclusion, your committee deplores the neglect which Alaska has suffered in the past at the hands of our government, and which has resulted in the great discouragement if not the estrangement of its people. We believe that it is now high time that the citizens of the Pacific Coast of the United States, and of the State of Washington in particular, should constitute themselves the champions of Alaska's cause, and we believe that the citizens of the city of Seattle should especially interest themselves in definite and determined action, as being more closely associated with that territory than are the inhabitants of any other city of the United States. We feel assured that if this permanent committee on Alaska shall succeed in arousing the commercial and political organizations of other cities to a realization of the importance of such action as is herein contemplated, and shall thereby cause Alaska to be better understood and appreciated by the people of the United States as a whole, its efforts and labors will be sufficiently rewarded and its work will be well done. Respectfully submitted.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

Two Irish Political Prisoners Released —Egyptian Question.

London, April 2.—Herbert Asquith, home secretary, announced in the House of Commons to-night that the Irish political prisoners O'Callaghan and McCann had been released. Each of them had served twelve years of his term. O'Callaghan's eyesight is going fast, Mr. Asquith said, and McCann has passed his 70th year.

Sir Edward Grey, under foreign secretary, said that the question whether the Nile valley between the lakes and the southern frontier of Egypt was within the British sphere was the subject of discussion with France in 1894, but no definite conclusion has yet been reached. England, he said, did not recognize the Mahdi nor had she ignored the rights of Egypt in the Upper Nile.

Clement Higgins, a Liberal representing the middle division of Norfolk in the House of Commons, has resigned his seat.

Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, report says, has agreed to accept the presidency of the Grand Trunk Railway company. He was born in London in February, 1831, and has held many British government positions. In 1878 and 1879 he was finance minister to Egypt, and subsequently was made president of the Egyptian debt commission. He has been intimately connected with the affairs of the Central Pacific railway, and was in the United States on a tour of inspection of the line in the interests of the English stockholders.

COAL COMPANIES' TROUBLES.

Agreement Satisfactory to All the Companies Likely to be Made.

New York, April 3.—The Times says, notwithstanding reports to the contrary, there is every reason to believe that a settlement of the difficulties of the anthracite coal companies will be effected satisfactorily to every company concerned. There was a report on Wall street yesterday that a hitch had developed in the efforts to bring about a settlement. This occurred at the meeting of the presidents last week. Two of the companies refused to accept their allotments, but it is now believed that such concessions will be made as to make the agreement satisfactory to all concerned.

THE COMPETING ROAD.

San Joaquin Valley Railway to be Built From Stockton.

San Francisco, April 3.—The board of directors of the San Joaquin Valley Railroad Company met here yesterday to receive the report of the sub-committee which visited Stockton last Friday. After a discussion lasting over an hour it was unanimously decided to accept the offer made by the business men of Stockton, and go right ahead with the work of building the road up the valley from that point. After the meeting Vice-President Whittier said: "In a very few days now we shall have our surveying parties in the field, and I think it a very good idea that we have decided to begin building from Stockton."

The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla, once fairly tried, becomes the favorite spring medicine, simply because it purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood.

Consumption.

The incessant wasting of a consumptive can only be overcome by a powerful concentrated nourishment like Scott's Emulsion. If this wasting is checked and the system is supplied with strength to combat the disease there is hope of recovery.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, does more to cure Consumption than any other known remedy. It is for all Affections of Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Wasting. *Pamphlet free.*

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

FOR THE

Children's Lunch

Make SANDWICHES with

Johnston's Fluid Beef

Spread on thin slices of Bread and Butter.

Delicious, Economical, Nutritious.

The Seductive Politician Wins Votes by

"Ways that are dark
And tricks that are va n,"

But an honest cigar wins regard because of the superior quality of the tobacco and the skilful care exercised in its manufacture

The undermentioned brands can always be relied upon, and the smoker who cannot find among these a weed to his taste is hard to please indeed.

"Sonodora,"
"Mi Rosa,"
"Creme de la Creme,"
"Fortier's La Fayette."

Society People are Wild

About...

"Marquise," 10c. pkg.,

...And...

"Imperial," 5c. pkg., Cigarettes.

Public Library.

Notice is hereby given that from and after Thursday, the 11th instant, the hours for keeping the Public Library open will be from 11 a.m., to 12 noon; from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., and from 6 p.m. to 9 p.m., each day of the week, Sunday excepted.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., 2nd April, 1895.

$50 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

MESSENGER SERVICE.

On and after April 1st the office of the B. C. District Telegraph & Delivery Co., Ld., will be open from 7 a.m. until 12 midnight only.

mr27-1w F. G. WHITE, Manager.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to foster, and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 30,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

OFFICES

TO RENT WITH ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES, INCLUDING HEAT AND LIGHTING FIXTURES. MODERATE RENT.

BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING.

Do You Keep Hens?

(Trade Mark.)

STURTEVANT'S IMPERIAL EGG FOOD Will Make Your Hens Lay.

STURTEVANT'S ROUP PILLS,

F. C. Sturtevant, Hartford, Conn.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL REMEDY OF 30 YEARS' STANDING. For the cure of Nervousness, Weakness, Lost Manhood, Debility, Dizziness and Sleeplessness caused by Excesses or Indiscretion. Will restore Lost Power in old or young, and fill you with the fire and vigor of youth. Wards off Insanity, Consumption and other melancholy diseases. Don't delay but send for book (sealed) free. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sold by druggists everywhere. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Pamphlet free. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent by mail in Victoria by LANGLEY & CO.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver st.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall in above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5735, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplies at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

JEWELERS, ETC.

Nickle Alarm Clocks, 90c.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Stones, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

WANTS.

WANTED—At Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson street, cash customers for Garden Tools, Paints, etc. Cheap, cheap for cash.

SITUATION WANTED by a young man, competent book-keeper; good city references. Address J. U., Times office. m14-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Five Fishing Boats, with Sails, Oars, etc. Apply The Victoria Fishing & Trading Co., Ld., Store St., Victoria. a2-9t

FOR SALE—Golf Balls. Silvertown A1 Black, and Forgan's. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A double barrel breach-loading shot gun (Greener), both barrels full choke. For further particulars apply by leter to W. W., Times office.

FOR SALE—Extra fine canary birds at reasonable prices from F. Lange, 86 Douglas street. f11-2m

TO LET.

TO LET—Furnished kitchen, rooms and bath, 104 Pandora st. mr23-1m

FIRST-CLASS HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS to let, or single rooms. 63 Superior st., James Bay. Apply 129 1-2 Fort st. mr21-tf

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A smart respectable boy; well mannered and good appearance. Apply to the Steward of Pacific Club, Fort st. a2-3

WANTED—An intelligent, active man or lady to travel for reliable house, with expenses paid. Salary $900. Advancement for faithful and successful work. References. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. Secretary, Lock Drawer P., Chicago.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. feb2-m s wkly3m

MISCELLANEOUS

PERSONAL—Will the man who bought some ipecac wine at Jackson's drug store on Sunday evening, March 31st, please call there. ap1-4t

MONEY TO LOAN—On Victoria Real Estate. A. W. More & Co, 70 Douglas st.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily, by Domestic Bakery, 59 Broad street. d31-3m

The Daily Times.

A DESPERATE ORGAN.

The News-Advertiser finds it more convenient to continue misquoting Mr. Laurier and the Times than to apply itself to the questions which we have respectfully brought to its notice. Although we do not suppose our Vancouver friend is so stupid as it tries to make itself appear—for a purpose—we may repeat for its benefit the gist of what we have actually said on the subject of farmers and the tariff. It has been represented to the farmers of this province by interested and designing persons that the moment Mr. Laurier comes into power he will make a dead set upon them, taking off immediately the duties which they hold to be of benefit to them and give them no compensating advantage. We have said, and now repeat, that there is nothing in Mr. Laurier's speeches or in the Ottawa platform to warrant the statement that the Liberal government will so abruptly proceed to enact measures affecting any class. Mr. Laurier and other Liberal leaders have distinctly declared that they have no intention of removing all the duties immediately they attain to power; the lowering of the tariff must be a gradual process, with the needs of the revenue kept in view. It would look decidedly better if such papers as the News-Advertiser and the Montreal Gazette were to treat the utterances of the Liberal leaders with honesty.

We have further said that in the near future the farmers of British Columbia will come to find protective duties doing them harm, and not good. They have only to look at the experience of Oregon and Washington to make sure of that fact. It is significant that the News-Advertiser carefully fights shy of this circumstance and utterly refuses to attempt to explain why high duties should in years to come benefit farmers in this province any more than they benefit farmers south of the line.

The Vancouver organ winds up with a number of falsehoods which come with rather startling effect from a professed purist in the newspaper line. It is not true that the Times "has entirely abandoned the advocacy of its cause on any fiscal question." There are even worse lies involved in the statement that the Times "has pleaded for the support of the electorate" on the grounds "that the Australian steamships bring in bananas, pine apples and sweet potatoes and, therefore, introduce competition with our own farmers in the production of those articles that its (the C. P. R.) president ordered the government to hold another session of parliament before the elections; that Col. Prior, M. P., is too frivolous and attends to too many 5 o'clock teas during the session; that Conservatives are bad on general principles, and last, but not least, that the British Columbia plank in the Liberal platform is that either Mr. Templeman or Dr. Milne should have a cabinet office." The News-Advertiser cannot quote one word from the Times in support of its assertions. Nor is our contemporary any more truthful when it says: "By the way, there is a rumor that Mr. Laurier has been told very plainly by his Ontario friends that there are no cabinet offices available for representatives of the 'shreds and fringes' of the Dominion." There has been no such rumor outside the imagination of the News-Advertiser. Doubtless it is a pleasing task for the Vancouver organ of the Red Parlor to evolve these fictions, and a task for which it is peculiarly fitted; but we respectfully remind it that its motive is likely to be seen through by its own readers. They will be apt to say that the cause which appears to require the wholesale use of falsehood and misrepresentation is a bad cause indeed. The employment of these devices seems all the worse in the case of a journal which pretends to be virtuous and respectable above all its fellows.

A GOVERNMENT QUESTION.

The organs of the Dominion government in Quebec declare that if the Manitoba legislature do not re-establish separate schools as they were previous to 1890 the Dominion parliament will step in an enact the legislation necessary to that end. Organs of the government in Ontario and further west say the government does not intend to ask such legislation from parliament. The Toronto Mail and Empire and the Toronto World, prominent Conservative papers, maintain that the Manitoba school question is not the chief issue before the country; that the tariff question far transcends it in importance. Along comes the Colonist with the announcement: "The Manitoba school question is now the very first to be considered. It has for the moment thrown the tariff into the shade." Such are the jarring and discordant notes which the groaning organs emit. Perhaps it would be well for them to harmonize their own tones before they concern themselves with the attitude to be taken by the Liberals on this question. It so happens that the Liberals are not called upon to take any action just at present; the matter is one for the government to settle, according to the pledges which were given on its behalf. Under the circumstances the anxiety of the organs to see the Liberals come out and take the burden from the shoulders of the government appears rather ludicrous. There is a touch of pathos in it too.

With a gravity worthy of an exceptionally long-eared jackass the Colonist declares: "The answers which the Times gives our questions shows in the clearest manner that its denunciation of the Colonist for the stand that it has taken on the water works question was either idiotic or insincere." This interpreted means that the answers given by the Times were not those desired by the Esquimalt Company's organ, and that they were entirely discomfiting to it. Proof of this appears in the fact that the organ does not dare to quote one of our answers without distorting it. The queer antics of the organ render its position a rather complicated one, for now it seems to argue that the Elk Lake supply should be improved, and that is precisely what the council are about to do. Since the Colonist has come around to this view, the wordy fog in which it pleases to becloud its position need give nobody trouble.

When the Victoria postoffice employees quit work as a protest against the fraud that was being practiced on them they were fined and Sir Hibbert Tupper was very largely responsible for the punishment decreed for them. Speaking of the matter here Sir Hibbert said: "I say that the men were punished for breach of discipline, for neglect of duty, just as other men in the service must expect if they take the law in their own hands in that way." Sir Hibbert lately went on strike himself, and the Victoria postoffice men would like very much to know if he was "docked" for the time he was off work. Col. Prior could easily ascertain by asking a question in the house

FIFTY YEARS OF FREE TRADE.

In 1848 Great Britain adopted free trade. By 1888, in spite of innumerable wars, building the greatest navy the world has ever known, defending the interests of the colonies in every clime and on every sea, without expense to said colonies, she has reduced her national debt (the largest in the world) 7 per cent.

Reduced her paupers in legacy of 300 years of protection, referred to by the Hon. Dr. Montague the other day) 50 per cent.

Reduced her criminals (sold eleven jails by auction lately) 71 per cent.

Improved the education of her people 100 per cent.

Increased the wages of her working men 25 per cent.

Decreased the cost of all necessities 50 per cent.

Increased her national wealth by $25,000,000,000, or 124 per cent.

Rent increased enormously during this period; but, unfortunately, this is a benefit but to very few, for during the 500 years of protection or class legislation she suffered, under the land which, like everything else worth having, fell into the hands of the leaders and a few of their friends who supported the system.

THE DIBBLE GROUP.

Fort Steele Mining Division of East Kootenay District, B. C.

One of the most valuable mineral deposits in this section of the country is known as the Dibble group, situated in a gulch of the Rocky Mountains, about ten miles in an easterly direction from Fort Steele. It was discovered by Jas. Dibble and a couple of other men in the fall of 1890, and recorded in November of that year. The ore is a gray copper, carrying gold and antimonial silver, the country rock being porphyritic slate and tulcose schist. There are six claims in the group on all of which there is a very good showing of mineral. On the claim on which they have done the principal amount of work they have run a tunnel 35 feet in depth exposing to view an ore shute two feet in width, which assays high in gold and silver. Numerous assays have been made, average specimens having been taken from all the different leads and stringers, showing that the ore which could be shipped averages 300 ounces in silver, $54 in gold with 12 per cent copper. Below is shown some of the assay returns:

345 62-100 oz. silver, $96.47 in gold, 12 per cent copper.

307 oz. silver, $55.36 in gold, 6.65 per cent in copper.

812 oz. silver, $10 in gold, 14 per cent copper.

610 oz. in silver, $7 in gold.

290 41-100 oz. in silver, $92 in gold.

The claims have every advantage as far as their situation is concerned. At the present time a wagon can be driven to within eight miles of the property, and from there on a very good pack trail has been built. In the close vicinity of the mine there is excellent water power and good ground for building purposes. Timber is also plentiful. The owners have at present about ten tons of ore on the dump which is valued at about $2,000. They intend going on working this summer, shipping the ore out by steamboat to Jennings, on the Great Northern, and from there to one of the great smelters in the States. Several parties have within the last year been over the property and have made propositions to the owners. We hope that such a satisfactory arrangement will be made that the mine will be opened up and thoroughly developed.

SEC. MINING ASSOCIATION.
Fort Steele, March 25, 1895.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE GUN.

The Victoria Gun Club met last night and decided to hold the first shoot of the season at Langford on Good Friday. The club cup shoot will take place at 1, and will be followed by the class shooting, six prizes to be presented in each class. A consolation match will come next, the prize for this being a cup presented by Henry Short & Son, gunmakers. Average medals won last year were presented to the winners as follows: A class, C. W. Minor, medal; B class, J. W. Switzer, cup; C class, E. J. Wall, medal. Fifteen new members were elected.

THE WHEEL.

Cyclists in session last night discussed the wearing of bloomers by lady cyclists, and it was resolved to combat any attempt to prevent ladies from riding in this modern attire, but the action of the police was endorsed in their effort to prevent questionable characters from so parading themselves.

THE RING.

MAHER AND O'DONNELL.

Pittsburgh, Pa., April 3.—Interest in the coming contest between Peter Maher and Steve O'Donnell is very great in Pittsburgh. A friend of Maher called at the Times office yesterday and said he was prepared to bet any part of $5,000 that the Irish champion would defeat the Australian.

The Eastern War.

London, April 3.—A Simonoseki dispatch says Li Hung Chang is steadily improving and peace negotiations are progressing. A Shanghai dispatch says there has been no fighting in Formosa as has been reported. It is believed to be the intention of China to surrender the island as part of the peace programme. The prospects for peace are promising.

The Standard's Berlin correspondent says: "The Emperor of China has instructed Li Hung Chang to ask for an audience with the Mikado to thank him for the armistice. If Li should be too ill his son-in-law will deliver the message. Li probably will ask that his assailant be pardoned or his sentence mitigated."

A dispatch from Shanghai says that 5000 volunteer recruits are being gathered in Canton for defense of Kwang Tung province. A house tax has been levied for their support.

PASSENGERS.

Per str Walla Walla from San Francisco—Mrs Parr, Mrs Griffith, Eddie Griffith, Miss Elliott, Miss Brown, Mrs H Clay, Miss M Renwick, G G Hendrickson, John Rodgers, Mrs Marvin, Miss Brown, Mrs Nelson, M O Harris, Miss Bantley, Mrs F G Graham, Mrs F W Foster, Miss Foster, Mrs R G McLaughlin, Miss M R Adney, Mrs E F Anderson, M McCormick, Mrs T C Naylor, Miss M Lyons, John Lyons, A H Chanter, J S McDonald, T E Ford, Mrs Capt Olsen, Jas Turner, T M Martin, C Sadler, W C Pierce, E Ryan, Thos Graham, John Harkison, P Lathrop, H E Moller, W O Cox, F Smith, F H Pierce, S Allen, C W Bell, D Alto, E Jackson, W McKenzie, S Lathham, O Wendell, Dr H Law.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—A L Calburn, Miss M C Calburn, Mrs N Claypool, H Browning, H Jones, Miss Chickett, Grace Woods, Lizzie Hastings, F H Prior, Mrs C Wilson, J A Williams, C Johnson, Mrs Campbell, Miss Shuton, O W Black, Joe M Lewis, R Tyler, J R Whaber, Miss Johnson, S S Bailey, Miss Mathers, J C Calbreath, F D Shogler.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Capt Jno Irving, M.P.P., J A Thompson, Mrs F S Barnard, Miss Dawson, Wm Downie, Wm Greig, Jno Costlie, T Clouslin, J C Rowley, J F Armstrong, J F Fuller, T McKinnon, C H Gatewood, T H Sison, P McNaughton, H Watson, J W Prescott, C Hosker, Wm Mason, S Smith, Dr McPhillips, E H Heap, H C Gidden, W D Close, Jno Ewen, F Plummer, Mrs Plummer, W Holmes, W H Merrill, F R Stewart, J Pierson, P Summerfield, G M Leishman, J C Byrne, S L Kelly, W A Cornwall, G W Green, J S Groll, R H Williams, P O Leary, A W Fonboro, J M Atkins, R Robertson, H J McDonald, H McKenzie, Mrs. McKenzie.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str Walla Walla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, Blair & Gordon, Brackman & K M Co, D H Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, Fell & Co, Findley Bros, Henry Short & Son, H Kent, H H Newman, John Leahy, J A Cohen, Johns Bros, J A Ritchie, J A Clearihue, A Crawford, Kurtz & Co, L Goodacre, M Cohen, Mrs Wolff, M Berger, P McQuade, R. P Rithet & Co, R Maynard & Co, R H Jamieson, S Leiser, Schillers, McCauley & Co, T H Tye & Co, Wilson Bros, W H Adams, C Phelp, Beatty & Hall, H E Kent, Phil Gable, G Revelohway, S McKeen & Son, M M W, A R Johnson, & Co, T S Annandale, Bank of B C, Geo Adams, Wells Fargo Co.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Cookson & P. Fell & Co, J Baker, J H Warner, M A Kelly, Small & Pidduck, W Blackie, Dom Ex Co.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—W J Jeffree, H A Nelson & Son, Brackman & Ker M Co, Cope & Young, Union Brew'g Co, Langley & Co.

If you put your money in stocks you never know just where you are, but if you put it in Partridge's 25c. stockings you always find yourself.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

AUCTION SALES

By H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y
The Well-Known Broad Street
AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND ASSESSORS.
Cash advanced. Furniture bought for Cash, when an auction is not desired.
Offices, Salesrooms and Cattle Yard Broad Street, View Street and Trounce Ave.

SHORT NOTICE OF SALE

H. Cuthbert & Co.
....AUCTIONEERS....
Are instructed by a gentleman leaving for England to remove to their salerooms, and sell by

AUCTION
—ON—
Thursday Next, April 4th, at 2 p.m.,
The whole of his
Household Furniture and Effects.
Particulars to-morrow morning.
Terms spot cash. Instant delivery, as vendor leaves on Saturday.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO,
Leading Auctioneers.

DENTAL NOTICE.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

Dental operations are not pleasant—the finest operators hurt; but care and practice reduce the pain to a minimum.

If you want your teeth filled without pain you can have the cavities dried out with absorbent cotton and filled with white cement, BUT NOT AT MY OFFICE. When a tooth is to be filled, I fill it properly in the first place, using gold for front teeth (Don't be persuaded your teeth are too soft for gold), and gold or amalgam as the patient wishes for the back teeth. I guarantee such fillings to stay in. If they don't it is my fault and you can have your money cheerfully refunded. I am here to stay and know that good dental work will build up a large practice in a short time, and this is what I am after.

I make artificial teeth of every description and they look natural, because I study the "temperament of the patient," and make the teeth in shade and size to match, and not a row of small white teeth, which look so ghastly you can tell a block away they are store teeth.

If you are not satisfied with the teeth I make, you don't have to take them. Under these conditions, it is worth your while to give me a trial. Work done on the easy monthly-payment system.

H. B. FINDLEY, D.D.S.,
Graduate of Philadelphia, 1889.
Over Baker's Shoe Store Government Street.

....GREAT....
Clearance Sale.
Commencing after April 1st, 1895
$15,000.00
....WORTH OF....
Men's & Boys' Clothing
AND FURNISHING GOODS.
WE ARE NOT
GOING OUT OF BUSINESS,
BUT WE WANT TO
REDUCE STOCK,
And in order to do so have marked the Stock down to
COST AND UNDER COST.
W. C. CAMERON,
MECHANIC'S CASH STORE.
55 JOHNSON STREET.

PERSONAL.

C. D. Rand is in the city.

G. M. Leishman is at the Driard.

Capt. Jno. Irving has returned from the Mainland.

F. R. Delaney, F. D. Schuyler, Seattle, are at the Dallas.

Mrs. Graham, San Francisco, is registered at the New England.

J. Meyer, Port Angeles, registered this morning at the New England.

J. T. Armstrong and J. T. Fuller came over from the Mainland last night.

Percy James came down from Cowichan this morning and is at the Oriental.

Jas Turner, Victoria, and F. M. Martin, California, are staying at the Dallas.

Miss M. Renwick returned from San Francisco by the Walla Walla last night.

Mrs. F. S. Barnard returned from the Mainland by the Charmer last night.

H. G. Wilson, Philadelphia; Jno. Tidbury, Portland, are registered at the Driard.

Dr. McPhillips and J. W. Prescott were passengers from the Mainland last night.

A. W. Finbow, Kamloops; Jno. W. Atkinson, Vancouver, are guests at the Oriental.

Mrs. F. W. Foster and Miss Foster came up by the Walla Walla from San Francisco.

C. H. Heaps, Vancouver, A. R. Thompson, Nanaimo, are staying at the New England.

William Downie and wife, H. C. Golden, Vancouver, H. C. Colver, Seattle, are at the Dallas.

Mrs. Marvin and Miss Brown were passengers by the Walla Walla from California last night.

Arthur H. Chanter, Gloucester, England, Christian Sattler, Schwernfurst, Germany, are guests at the Dallas.

J. C. Rawley, Geo. M. Fuller, Thos. McKennon, J. W. Prescott, T. J. Armstrong and T. H. Steson, are at the New England. They are delegates from the Mainland to a meeting of the Grand Lodge of Masons held last night.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Erysipelas,
Diphtheria, Toothache,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Inexpensive room mouldings. Mellor.

—Lawn mowers at Shore's hardware, cheap for cash. *

—New dress stuffs at the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, Jno. Partridge, Prop. *

—Scientific American—supplements and publication. J. Johnston, agent, Douglas street. *

—There will be a special meeting of Uniform Rank K. of P. in Castle Hall this evening.

—Tea Sets, Dinner Sets, Lamps, and a host of other things are selling at wonderfully low prices at Weiler Bros. *

—We are better able than ever before to satisfy the public demand (in our line anyhow) but we carry so many lines. Weiler Bros. *

—The local union will meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-night to arrange for the Christian Endeavor convention to be held here shortly.

—"April fool" is never cried at those who say they bought their parasol at the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, Jno. Partridge, Prop. *

—A pleasing entertainment was given by Hope lodge Degree of Honor in A. O. U. W. hall last night. The programme was very good.

—Plans are being prepared for a residence at the corner of Cook and Bellot streets for Patrick Hickey. The building will be a two-story one.

—It has been decided to present "Falka" at the matinee to-morrow afternoon. Tickets (not reserved) can be obtained at Jamieson's up to 1 o'clock to-morrow, after that at the theatre box office.

—Wong Maw, a well-known Chinaman living on Government street, died yesterday of heart disease. He was owner of a trading schooner and quite well-known. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

—The Law relief fund has almost reached the $600 mark. Professor Gleason, the horse trainer, took up a collection at his exhibition last night, and in a few minutes $59.20 had been contributed. He started the collection with $20.

—There were 2,047 books issued by the free library in March and 891 of the borrowers were ladies and 1,156 gentlemen. The highest issue for any day was 156 and the average 70. Sixteen ladies and fifteen gentlemen were given membership cards during March.

—The entertainment announced for to-night in Sir William Wallace hall will not be held, but instead Alexander lodge Sons of England will hold its regular meeting. A large attendance of members is desired, as the minstrel troop will give its first performance and there will be seven initiations.

—At a meeting of the Victoria Bar Association held on Monday evening the following committee of management was named: Messrs. A. L. Belyea, P. A. E. Irving, Gordon Hunter, F. B. Gregory, A. P. Luxton, W. J. Taylor and J. A. Aikman. Later the committee elected A. L. Belyea president and J. A. Aikman secretary-treasurer.

—The British bark Cupica, bound from London for Portland, is long overdue, and grave apprehensions for her safety are entertained by her owners and underwriters. On February 20 she was sighted off the Columbia river bar, but stormy weather coming on she ran out to sea. On the following day tugs were sent out to look for her, but their search was unavailing and the vessel has never been seen or heard of since.

—The ladies' committee of the P. O. Home acknowledge with thanks donations from the following: Mrs. Vernon, Mrs. Earle, Robert Ward, R. E. Knowles Friend, Mrs. Englehardt, Mrs. Pemberton, Daily Colonist, Mrs. H. Croft, Mrs. Goodacre, Mrs. Shotbolt, Ladies' Aid of Episcopal church, Metchosin; Mrs. Jack, Mrs. Brocklehurst, Mrs. Haughton, Mrs. Tiedeman, Mr. Redfern, Mr. Cogswell, Mount Tolmie, and Alex. Wilson.

—Gleason, the horse trainer, had a good audience at the market hall last night. A wild colt, a restive mare belonging to Mr. Goodacre, and the ex-race horse "Jim Murphy" were all broken in. The audience was disappointed that "Jim Murphy" did not kick up more antics, but the exhibition was good as usual. There will be no exhibition to-night, but Thursday, Friday and Saturday more spirited animals will be broken in.

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's. *

—Arrived—New wall papers. Mellor. *

—The best value for your money at Shore's hardware. *

—No catch lines at the Lansdowne House, but good value every time. Jno. Partridge, Prop. *

—Mr. H. Siebenbaum has taken charge of the Palace Saloon. He will be glad to see all his old friends as well as new ones. *

—For a breach of the streets by-law in discharging a gun inside the city limits Wm. Chellew was fined $5 in the police court this morning.

—M. C. Brown, who has successfully managed the Adelphi saloon for twenty years, has again taken charge. He will be glad to see all his old friends as well as new ones. *

—At a sale of old stamps recently held in New York a British Columbia stamp of 1861 was sold for $125. This was the highest price obtained at the sale, Newfoundland stamps coming next.

—Don't forget that by leaving your order at the Victoria & Sidney station, Hillside avenue, you can have first class timothy hay delivered to any part of the city for $11 per ton. Telephone 511. *

—"The coin of the realm." Bank notes, silver or gold to the amount of $100 will be taken until further notice in exchange for our $18, $16, $15 and $14 suits, ulsters and overcoats. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—Mrs. Cooper, wife of Dr. Cooper, died at Westminster on Sunday and was buried yesterday, the funeral being attended by the members of the Odd Fellows and the Knights of Pythias and also of the Daughters of Rebekah. Mrs. Cooper was a young woman, only 29, at the time of her death.

—Victoria South Park School, head pupils for March: 1st division, Charlotte Catherine Finlaison; 2nd division, Winnifred Grace Cullin; 3rd division, Gertrude Alice Tobin; 4th division, Florence Telfer Jackson; 5th division, Samuel Dickson McConnell; 6th division, Paul Boden Phillips; 7th division, Ross Arthur Fenn; 8th division, John Woodward; 9th division, Alice Dunn.

—Mrs. Butler, wife of Capt. J. W. Butler, of Victoria Crescent, died this morning. She was a native of Dartmouth, England, aged 67 years. Mrs. Butler came to Victoria five years ago and has been an invalid for two years. She leaves a husband, three sons and two daughters. The funeral takes place on Saturday at 2:30 from the family residence.

—The Pyke Opera company, enlarged and strengthened, with all the old favorites and many new ones, will hold the boards at the Victoria theatre to-night and to-morrow evening. The repertoire will be "Falka" and "Black Mantles," or "Three Black Cloaks." The operas are both pretty, and have never been heard here. The company will bring new scenery with them, and have entire new costumes for each of the productions.

—The meeting of Perseverance lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., was well attended last evening, and the officers of Victoria West lodge were requested to preside and furnish the programme. There were recitations, reading and instrumental music by the following officers of Victoria West lodge: A. Semple, J. Semple, Colman, McDonald, Okell and Parks. C. T. Bucher was in the chair. Coffee and cake were served and a very enjoyable evening was brought to a close by a vote of thanks to the entertainers.

—A Tacoma dispatch says: "Thomas Hayden, alias O'Connor, is under arrest charged with the burglary of the residence of T. B. Wallace March 10, when garments, including two sealskin cloaks, were stolen. One of the cloaks has been recovered at Victoria, where it was pawned by Hayden. He recently completed a four years' term in the state penitentiary at Walla Walla for the burglary of Capt. R. W. Derickson's house. A fine set of burglar's tools taken away from him at that time form a portion of the local police museum."

—The Post-Intelligencer has the following about a character who will be remembered by Victorians: "Lauia, the gigantic Samoan chief who swung his heavy war club in the dance at the Madison Park pavilion last summer, is one of the stars of Barnum's circus, now exhibiting in New York city. The sporting people are deeply interested in him because he looks so much like the late King Kelly, the baseball player, and literary folks regard him with favor because of his intimacy with the late Robert Louis Stevenson."

—The Pyke Opera Company is in town having arrived from the Sound by the Rosalie this morning. The company will appear at Victoria theatre to-night, and Thursday night, and give a matinee on Thursday afternoon. Theatre goers will have a chance to see a good production of pleasing comic opera. To-night will be presented "Falka" and the plot of this opera is laid in Hungary and, owing to personations, many amusing complications are introduced. On Thursday night will be staged "Black Mantles" which is spoken of in terms of eulogy by the press. At the Thursday matinee "Falka" will be repeated. Since the last visit of the Pyke company to Victoria there have been many new voices incorporated in the company.

Clearance Sale of Furniture & Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains. *

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

"Carbonettes,"
THE VERY LATEST in Fine Photography. See them at Skene Lowe's studio, 63 Government street. *

—Closing out sale tinware at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street. Come and see prices. *

—Trout fishing opens on the 15th. A complete stock of tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. Call and examine it.

—A meeting of the A. O. U. W. building association is to be held on Thursday morning, April 11th, at Captain J. D. Warren's office.

—The Walla Walla arrived in port at midnight. She had a heavy sea entering the straits. Her passengers numbered 282, of whom 52 were for Victoria. There were one hundred tons of freight aboard for here.

—A grand concert will be given at the Good Templars' hall, Esquimalt, under the auspices of the crew of H. M. S. Pheasant for the benefit of Mrs. Law. There will be good music and singing. All are invited. Admission 25 cents.

—Five thousand dollars, appropriated for the unemployed of Vancouver, by the city council of that place, have been spent, and now there is talk of voting another sum. There are large numbers of laboring men in want in Vancouver.

—Grand Chancellor J. C. Byrne of the K. of P., has returned from an official visit to the lodges in the province. He reports the lodges in good condition and the membership of the order considerably augmented during the past year. At Kamloops there are 98 members in the lodge, which is only six months old, and they are talking of erecting a new hall. Duncan's and Union lodges have also made great strides. Mr. Byrne visited sixteen lodges. He has yet to visit the local lodges and the lodge at Wellington.

—It is quite probable that Ald. Macmillan will follow his resolution dealing with the sewerage commissioners with a by-law amending the sewerage commissioners by-law. A point as to the effectiveness of the resolution has been raised that is no doubt well taken. The commissioners could have been removed by resolution, as they were named by resolution, but the by-law nor any other by-law could not be amended by resolution. The matter will very likely be moved in very shortly, not that the commissioners are likely to stand on any technicality but to secure legality of procedure.

—John Holman, of this city, died at Metchosin this morning. The deceased was a native of Cambourne, Cornwall, England, aged 73. He was a pioneer of '58 and was well and favorably known as a successful miner in Cariboo in the palmy days of '61, '62 and '63. Of late years he had retired from business, and was at the time of his death the guest of Mrs. Gleed at Metchosin. He was an Odd Fellow, being a member of Victoria lodge, No. 1, for many years, and will be buried by the fraternity from the hall on Douglas street, on Friday at 2:30. He was unmarried and had no relatives in this country.

—Alex. McLean, who was discharged from the Old Men's Home by resolution of the city council on the strength of a report from the committee, refused to move this morning and kicked up a row. Chief of Police Sheppard was called into the case, and it took Constables Carson and Carter and a carriage to get McLean to the city lockup. McLean has, it appears, always been a trouble maker. Down in the old home he struck a man over the head with a chair and kicked a chair from under another inmate. Chief Sheppard said this afternoon that he did not intend to place any charge against McLean, but would turn him out. What will become of McLean is hard to say.

—John Stewart, the man who assaulted Constables Palmer, Perdue and Mouat yesterday, was in the police court this morning. The officers testified that Stewart was having some trouble with another man and when the police separated them and ordered the crowd to disperse he refused to move on. He used filthy language to Officer Palmer and then struck him. He resisted the attempt to arrest him, fighting to free himself from the hands of the three constables and on the way to the station tripped Officer Mouat. The latter fell against a post injuring his shoulder. Stewart was sober according to the testimony of the officers. Magistrate Macrae declared him guilty and ordered him imprisoned for a month and fined $20, and directed that he serve an additional month in the event of the fine not being paid.

—Max Katzner, well-known in Victoria, was one of the gang of Chinese certificate forgers who were recently arrested in San Francisco, an account of which appeared in Saturday's Times. Katzner first came here as agent for Boscowitz, the New York fur buyer, and was afterwards engaged in the wholesale liquor business, being manager of the California Wine Company. Most of his time, however, was spent in gambling and small smuggling schemes. His latest breach of the law, for which he was arrested, was on a larger scale, he and his accomplices having gone into the business of manfacturing bogus Chinese certificates, and from all reports they were very successful, it being almost impossible to detect the bogus certificates, which were exact counterparts of the genuine ones. John Devereau, a sailor of Victoria, is said to have done the forging and J. C. Vernon, of this city, is also implicated.

—Spring capes are now the fashion and they are much sought after by the ladies at Partridge's, 86 Yates street. *

OUR NEW GOODS
Are coming in now, and if you fully understand the necessity of wearing shoes that fit your feet properly, you will not be long in coming to our store. All the newest shapes at fast selling prices.
A. B. ERSKINE, Cor. Government and Johnsod Sts.

GIVEN BY THE MILITARY.

A Successful Exhibition in the Drill Hall in aid of the Law Relief Fund.

At the sergeants' mess entertainment in the drill hall last night, over 1000 were present. A good programme was given. The opening overture was "The Army Chaplain" from the "Black Hussar." A physical drill, under Sergeant-Major Wilson and a sword drill under Sergeant-Major Mulcahy, were first class and were heartily applauded. The dumbbell drill by 25 boys under Instructor St. Clair of the High School, reflected credit on the boys and their instructor. Bandsman W. North gave a good rendition of Paul de Ville's arrangement of "The Blue Bells of Scotland." This young cornetist is a man of great promise and was well received. To lovers of athletics, the sparring set-to of Sergeants Northcott and Handley, and the single stick exhibition by C. P. Wolley and J. St. Clair were two of the most pleasing numbers. The bayonet drill and the fancy marching were excellent presentations of military tactics.

The camp scene was attractive and exciting. In it were introduced the songs, "To the front," "The King's own," "Soldier's Farewell," "Lights Out," and "The Alarm, Attack and Charge." The soloists were Sergeants Muir, Thomas and Twiss. Lieut.-Governor Dewdney congratulated the men and Sergeant-Major Mulcahy for the excellent exhibition. The proceeds of the entertainment will go to swell the relief fund for the widowed wife of William Law and her fatherless babies.

OUTLOOK NOT ENCOURAGING.

Coast Sealers Have Little Prospects of Getting Good Spring Catches.

Under the international sealing agreement sealing on the coast will cease on April 30, and present prospects indicate that the catch for the first half of the season will be very light. It has been the old story of rough weather making it impossible to hunt seals when the herds have been located. Ten days ago the highest catch reported was 325, which at current rates would not pay expenses. The weather may improve off the coast in the next three weeks, but it will be exceptional luck if the schooners pull up. It is too early to venture a prediction on the season's work, as everything depends upon the second half of the season in the autumn.

No reports have been received from the Asiatic coast as to conditions and the number of seals and those from this coast as yet quite meagre. The seals have been running very well off the island but the weather as stated has kept the hunters aboard the schooners.

—The appearance of the already attractive reading room of the Driard House has been considerably improved by the addition of some palms, ferns and other house plants.

—The Empress of Japan, due here April 10, has aboard 345 saloon and 325 steerage passengers and the following freight: 725 tons of overland freight; 125 tons for Victoria; 200 tons for Puget Sound and 400 tons for San Francisco.

—John Russell was fined $5 and $3 costs in the provincial police court this morning for stealing a spaniel belonging to E. J. Bellamy. The dog was recovered. Russell said the dog followed him, but a small boy gave evidence that Russell first loosed the dog's chain.

—J. C. Calbreath of Telegraph Creek, is registered at the Oriental. Mr. Calbreath reports that there has been a large mortality among miners in the Cassiar country this year. He says mining is not very promising, in fact the mining population is steadily on the decrease. Men who have got claims stick to them and try to make out what they can, but very few new prospectors are coming in. The winter has been a keen one and the country is well frozen up. The fur bearing animals caught have largely exceeded in number the catches of previous years.

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 16 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Passenger trains are all now lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to E. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building. *

ARRIVED:
LEANDER HALL, MEDIUM
The famous Independent Slate-Writing Medium has taken Parlors 7 and 8 at the Donne, No. 90 Douglas street, where he will give private sittings. Seated messages answered while in a dead trance. Messages from your loved dead written on slates you clean and hold in your own hands. A medium by the gift of God. Hours 9 to 8.

NOTICE.
Change of Name
In future Dr. Iever's QUICK CURE the great remedy for Tooth-Ache will be called
Pheno-Banum

—Walter C. Howe, Percy Douglas and Charles Conger, the representatives of the Olympic, of San Francisco, will probably leave to-morrow for Vancouver and will commence their overland journey to San Francisco about Tuesday next. Mr. Howe has appointed Thomas G. Moody local representative of the paper, and in its behalf that gentleman will before long take a wheeling trip to Nanaimo and back.

—President Nordstrom of the Norwegian colony at Hesquiot is still in the city and will not return to the west coast until the 8th instant. He expresses himself as well satisfied with the state of the affairs of the colony. Some additions are expected to the colony from the east before long.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

MR. GLADSTONE AND TEA-DRINKING.
Mr. Gladstone is a great tea drinker. He rarely misses his afternoon tea, and he invariably drinks two cups while he usually drinks strong tea if he is up late reading in his wonderful library at Hawarden.
Sir Andrew Clarke, who guided the ex-prime minister in matters of diet, never forbade this constant tea drinking; indeed he frequently recommended it to patients, but he was always careful to insist upon the tea being pure.
Now in these days, when so much inferior tea is sold, our readers should know that Tamilkande Tea is pure, and can be absolutely relied upon for purity and delicious syrupy liquor. Try it and then tell your friends. Sold in lead packages and 5lb. boxes.
SIMON LEISER & CO., Agents.

Don't Lie....
Awake at nights wondering where you'll get your Spring suit. Come to Kinnaird's and he will only need to show you his new Spring and Summer goods, and quote prices—and you will always be a customer of his.
Suits from $18.
Pants from $4.
W. D. Kinnaird,
The Cash Tailor, 48 Johnson St

DON'T MAKE ANY MISTAKE
When ordering Soap, See that you get what you ask for. Most people are now using FINDLEY'S, and they say that for quality and easy washing it cannot be beaten. It is not hard on the hands and makes the clothes soft and clean with much less rubbing than ordinary laundry soap.
Give up the idea that you have to use Eastern Soap, and patronize an industry that is a benefit to your city. We are spending our money here, and by manufacturing a strictly first class article we intend to stay, and ask you one and all to give our different brands of Soap a trial, and we feel assured that you will never use any other.
Yours respectfully,
FINDLEY BROS.,
Victoria Soap Works,
Herald St., Near Gov't.
Call at the Works for samples.

ESTIMATES ARE PUT THROUGH

A Departure in the Matter of Legal Advice Agreed to by the Aldermen.

Defective Sidewalk and a Law Suit—Queen's Birthday Celebration.

The estimates were put through en bloc at the council meeting last night. They had evidently been well thrashed out in committee for there was not a dissenting voice to any item therein, and it only took three minutes to comply with legal requirements and put through the by-law.

Schultz & Morphy, solicitors, wrote claiming $2500 damages as a result of an accident to Miss Margaret Holmes on Fernwood road last November.

The last council decided that the city was not liable, but the letter gave a chance for reconsideration else suit would be begun.

Ald. Partridge said the city would get into serious trouble some time. Ald. Wilson did not know why the police could not report bad sidewalks. Ald. Humphrey thought it ought again to be referred to the street committee. Referred accordingly. A general discussion followed on defective sidewalks and straightening of fences.

F. G. Jorden, C. E., wrote suggesting the advisability of purchasing a machine for testing cement now that the city was about to construct large public works.

Mayor Teague and Ald. Partridge favored the purchase of a machine. Ald. Williams thought a loan could be secured of the one at the dry dock. Tabled.

The estimates by-law was put through all stages and finally passed.

Mayor Teague submitted a draft of a proposed agreement between the city and Mr. Jorgenson, the successful competitor of the filter bed plans, re the construction of the beds under his supervision.

It was laid over for further consideration when Mr. Jorgenson shall have been seen.

Ald. Macmillan moved that the city employ a qualified legal adviser at a salary to be named, whose duties shall be as follows. To be present at all regular meetings of council; to advise the council on all legal matters affecting the interests of the city; to draw up all by-laws and amendments thereto, all contracts and do all city conveyancing and conduct all legal correspondence on behalf of the city, but not to conduct city cases in court.

Ald Macmillan thought the responsibility of the city barrister should end at advice.

Ald. Partridge thought that it would cost too much to divide up and have a solicitor for advice and another for court cases.

Ald. Williams said it was one man making the bullets for others to fire them.

Ald Partridge wanted the salary put at $2200. A good man could not be got for less.

Ald. Macmillan said the city of Toronto had a solicitor who did everything for them. In the city of Winnipeg, the solicitor received $2200; he had first received $1000 and had now an assistant, so well was the council satisfied. He would change the resolution in that manner, if the council wished; but if a solicitor were present to give advice to the aldermen, a good many law suits would never be begun.

Ald. Williams said what Eberts and Taylor agreed to do for $500 was partly re-charged in their bill.

Ald Partridge wanted a sum specified, $2200, and moved accordingly.

Ald. Cameron advocated leaving the salary open and calling for tenders.

Ald. Partridge thought a committee could go around and ask several solicitors for terms.

Mayor Teague said if they asked for terms they would have to ask all.

Ald Wilson took objection to an item in the Eberts & Taylor bill charging for preliminary advice in a by-law regulating the weight of bread.

Ald Williams said that the council should not have paid the bills. There were many items like that. The motion was put to a vote and carried, Aldermen Partridge and McLellan voting in the negative.

The Mayor appointed Aldermen Macmillan, Humphrey and Williams a committee to confer with solicitors and to receive applications for the position.

Ald. Bragg brought up the question of fuel for the electric light works. He favored Mr. Northcott, the purchasing agent dealing with the matter.

Ald. Humphrey would not pay high retail prices for coal; the city would buy in Seattle first.

Ald. Partridge thought coal could be bought by the scow load at Wellington.

Ald. Macmillan said in Vancouver the citizens formed an association and got coal from Seattle and made the monopoly on the Island come down in price.

Ald McLellan favored leaving the subject in the hands of the electric light committee.

Ald. Williams moved that the mayor call a meeting next Thursday night of hotel keepers, newspaper proprietors, athletic associations and others chiefly interested to discuss the Queen's birthday celebration.

Ald. Humphrey and Ald. Bragg wanted a public meeting. Mayor Teague said it was not wise to specify any particular parties. Ald. Partridge said the hotel men most interested contributed the least.

Ald. Williams said the celebration should be advertised early in the Sound papers.

It was finally decided to place the matter in the hands of the mayor.

The council adjourned.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

SHE IS VERY FOND OF HIM.

Mrs. Talnay is Ready to Forget and Forgive Her Erring Husband.

Fred Schwartz, alias Talnay, is wanted in San Francisco by his wife, who charges him with eloping with another woman and swindling her and his creditors out of a large sum of money. Schwartz is well-known in British Columbia and for some time used to run the Douglas restaurant. Mrs. Amelia Talnay has written to Chief of Police Carty of Westminster, claiming to be Schwartz's wife and charges that the woman he was living with in Westminster was Mary Busold, alias Sliterfield. Mrs. Talnay tells the following tale of her erring spouse: Schwartz was first in San Francisco and had to fly from there. He then went to New York and afterwards to Chicago, where he did a bogus real estate business, clearing between $400 and $500 per month. Then he came to Westminster, and, after leaving there for a few months, went to San Francisco, became reconciled to his wife (Mrs. Amelia Talnay), who set him up in the saloon and restaurant business. According to the letter, Schwartz remained just long enough to raise a lot of money on the business, swindle the creditors and his trusting wife. When he left he took four trunks filled with goods belonging to his wife, and sailed to Victoria with the "Mrs. Schwarta" he had with him in Westminster. March 4th Schwartz sailed from Victoria to Yokohama on the China liner. But Mrs. Talney wants him back with her and is still willing to forget and forgive, if he will turn over a new leaf. Schwartz was arrested at Westminster for stealing linen from the Colonial hotel, but the charge was withdrawn.

COUNTERFEITERS AT WORK.

Health and Life Endangered by Unscrupulous Dealers Who Persuade Unsuspecting People to Take Imitations—Some Pointers Worth Remembering.

No medicine that is not of more than ordinary merit suffers from imitations or substitutes. The fact that an imitation is offered is one of the strongest proofs of the excellent qualities of the genuine article. The Dr. Williams Medicine Co. is continually trying to impress upon the public the fact that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are only sold in securely sealed boxes, the wrapper around which is printed in red ink, and bears the registered trade mark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Notwithstanding this constant warning there are unscrupulous dealers here and there who defraud the public by selling an imitation pill (also colored pink) either by the dozen, hundred or by the ounce, alleging that they are "just as good," or "just the same" as the genuine Dr. Williams Pink Pills. This is a falsehood, and the unscrupulous dealer who offers the imitation knows it, but is more concerned for the extra profit he makes on the imitation that for the health of the unfortunate victim.

Will the public, in their own interest, bear in mind the following facts,—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold by the dozen, hundred or ounce. If any dealer offers you a pill in this form (no matter whether colored pink or not) he is trying to cheat you and should be avoided.

The formula of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is a secret and is known only to the company. Therefore if some dealer tells you a substitute is "just the same" or "just as good" he is simply trying to deceive you because there is a larger profit for him in selling the imitation.

When you ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills see that the trade mark is on the wrapper of every package, and do not be persuaded to take anything else, no matter how plausable a story the dealer may tell. Imitations in medicines are always cheap, always worthless, and often dangerous, and people who have a care for their health will always refuse them.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when other medicines fail. That's why they are imitated, and that is why you should insist on getting the genuine. Used as a spring medicine, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills surpass all other medicines. If feeling "out of sorts" give them a trial.

KOOTENAY MINING NEWS.

Charter for the First Tramway to be Built Under Mr. Kellie's Bill.

The Ledge.

Recorder Sproat has received for record one of the most fancy documents yet seen here. It is a deed of conveyance of a quarter interest in the Alpha and Black Bear mineral claims on Four Mile, made by Alexander Mackenzie in favor of H. C. Hensbraugh, of Devil's lake, for the sum of $11,630.52 1-2. On the document are the seals and signatures of Secretary of State Gresham and Attorney-General Olney, of the American government, besides those of sundry notaries public; while hanging therefrom are enough variegated ribbons to stock a milliner's shop.

Captain Moore and John Vallance are seeking incorporation under the laws of the province as the Slocan Tramway Co. The object of the company is to build a trunk tramway up Howson creek, connecting the concentrator at New Duluth with the Idaho and Alamo group of mines, for the purpose of getting out ore. This will be the first company incorporated under Mr. Kellie's famous bill.

During the winter 48 men have been washing the banks of the Lardeau for gold. Two men took out three thousand dollars in dust and nuggets between them, and all have made good wages. Some of the nuggets taken out were worth $25 each. A large quantity of float, carrying gold, was found in the creek, and the miners will combine and prospect the mountains with the intention of discovering the ledge from whence came this quartz.

Fraser & Chalmers of Chicago, have received an order from the Alpha people for a large concentrating plant to be erected at their property on Four Mile. It is thought the capacity of the plant will be 80 tons daily. Mr. Owens, who represents the Chicago outfit and who superintended the building of the new concentrator at New Duluth, went down to the Alpha on Tuesday and looked over the ground. He will meet Alexander Mackenzie, the principal owner of the mine, at St. Paul, and make final arrangements with him. This will make the 42nd concentrating plant Mr. Owens has set up.

The railway people have been getting a move on during the past week and ore is going out more freely. Slides on the road still continue to worry them somewhat, but the work train just put on will enable the company to keep the cuts clear. The roads from the mines have broken up and several of the properties have stopped shipping. About 1500 tons of ore is at the upper end, which will keep the train men busy for three weeks. Two hundred and fifty-two tons in all went out over the railway last week, valued at $25,200. It was consigned to Omaha, except 20 tons from the Reco, which went to Tacoma. The Pilot Bay smelter ships 20 tons of bullion daily to Aurora, Ill.

By the railway's delay in getting out the ore from Three Forks, the mine owners have gained over $5 per ton more profit by the rise in silver. It's an ill wind, etc.

The Gertrude claim, an extension of the No. 1, at Trail, has been purchased by John Murphy, A. B. Railton, Frank Gibbs C. P. Ondin and H. W. Bonne. Development work will be begun on a large scale.

Nervous People

Are those who are all tired out and have that tired feeling and sick headache can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve, mental and bodily strength and thoroughly purifies the blood. It also creates a good appetite, cures indigestion, heartburn and dyspepsia.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

These gentlemen are reading the statements made by the most eminent and scientific men and Physicians regarding the merits of ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI as an absolute cure for Indigestion.
Refuse Imitations.

Good Things to eat are still better when made with COTTOLENE for they are FREE from GREASE and are easily digested. For Frying, Shortening, and all cooking purposes COTTOLENE is better and purer than lard.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Wellington and Ann Sts.
MONTREAL.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

MONEY

Saved by purchasing Tickets for the East Via the Canadian Pacific Route.

Through Sleepers and Comfortably Upholstered Tourist Cars.

Without Change to
MINNEAPOLIS,
ST. PAUL,
TORONTO,
MONTREAL and
BOSTON.

For Rates and full information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B.C.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver, B.C.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Reese, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.				TONNAGE		
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				1147		
3 30 pm	Lv	M	...	*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	35		Pt. Townsend.	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82		....Seattle....	28	Lv	10-15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110		*Tacoma...	30	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

S. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
No. 255 Morrison St., corner of Third St., Portland, Or.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

The Buffet Car Route

....THE....

Shortest and Quickest Line

....BETWEEN....

Victoria.
Puget Sound Points.
St. Paul and the East.

Crosses both the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in DAYLIGHT, affording passengers

....The opportunity of viewing....

...The Grandest Scenery...

IN AMERICA.

Runs superb equipment, consisting of dining cars, buffet library car, palace and upholstered tourist sleeping cars.

Overland train, east bound, leaves Seattle 11 p.m. West bound train arrives 10:35 p.m.

Coast line train, north bound, leaves Seattle 11 p.m.

For tickets and general information regarding this it is call on or address

H. MARTIN, Gen. Agt.,
75 Government St.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily		NORTH BOUND. (Read down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily
3:00 Ar	Victoria	12:50 Lv
12:50	Russell's	11:40
12:35	Esquimalt	11:25
12:25	Stewart's	11:15
12:15	Parson's Bridge	11:05
12:05	Langford	10:55
11:55	Goldstream	10:45
11:45	Shawnigan Lake	10:30
11:30	Cobble Hill	10:15
11:20	McPherson's	10:05
11:10	Kolelah	9:55
11:00	Duncan's	9:45
10:50	Tenoose	9:35
10:40	Cheemainus	9:25
10:30	Oyster Bay Siding	9:15
10:20	Nanaimo	9:05
10:00 Ar	Wellington	8:45 Lv

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

VICTORIA & COMOX

Steamer JOAN will sail as follow:

Calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer.

Lv. Victoria .....Tuesday 7 a.m
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox...Wednesday, 7 a.m
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m
Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m

For freight or staterooms apply on board or at the Company's office, Victoria, Store Street.

HONOLULU, S. F. O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, April 13th, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda, Thursday, May 2nd, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Boston Square, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 26,

Taking effect March 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast ports and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

CITY OF PUEBLA, - - APRIL 3

R. P. RITHET & CO. Agents.

Hats! Hats! All the LATEST SPRING STYLES in Stiff and Soft Felt Hats. PRICES--"OUT OF SIGHT." B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

THE DARLEY DIAMONDS

BY GEORGE R SIMS.

(Concluded.)

And Maggie, more puzzled than ever, wondered what on earth could be the connection between her former lover and Lord Darley. Jack Dalmain, she knew now, was not the missing English peer who, according to Mr. Oldfield, was the rightful owner of the gems she was nightly wearing. She was convinced herself that they were the Darley diamonds, and the affair so worried her that for her promise to Jack, who might after all return some day and claim them, she would have given them up.

She wore them at the theater that night and the following night, and they attracted more atention than ever. The story had got about.

Mysterious paragraphs were beginning to appear in the society journals. The moment she came on the stage every opera glass was levelled at her. Miss Montressor had ten lines to speak, but she was the attraction of the great Up-to-Date Burlesque at the Merriment Theater.

But she did not wear the diamonds long afterward.

One night when she reached home the servant who opened the door informed her that a gentleman had called and had left a note for her.

She opened it and read it, and it dropped from her hand.

"I will come again at 1 o'clock. Send your servants to bed—open the door yourself and let me in. I only want to see you for a minute. Jack."

It was Jack Dalmain come back again as mysteriously as he had disappeared.

At 1 o'clock, Maggie having obeyed his instructions, opened the door. Jack Dalmain, who was waiting opposite the house, crossed the road and stepped in.

Maggie, after a hurried word of greeting, led the way to the dining room.

"What does it all mean, Jack? What does it all mean?"

"I can't explain now, Maggie," Jack answered, "but I've come for you to redeem your promise."

"The diamonds?"

"Yes."

"Jack, won't you tell me how you got them? Since I have been in London everybody has talked about them. I am told they are the property of Lord Darley."

"I gave them to you and you promised to give them back to me whenever I claimed them."

"Yes, I did."

"And you will keep your word?"

"Yes."

Maggie looked at her former lover searchingly. He looked older and there was a worried look on his face. She wanted to ask him the reason of his strange disappearance, but something in his face chilled her. She went up to her room, took the jewel case from its hiding place, came back again, and handed it to Jack.

"They are all there as I received them from you."

"Thanks, Maggie, I knew I could trust you to keep your word."

"I have kept it, but remember, I shall have to account for what I have done. I have been told that these are the Darley diamonds," and that Lord Darley, their owner has disappeared. What shall I say when I am asked where the diamonds are?"

"Say you have returned them to the person who lent them to you. Have you told anyone how you got them?"

"Yes, Lord Darley's solicitor, and I have shown him your photograph—the one you gave me in New York."

"...anks for the information, and now Maggie, I'll say good night."

"Shall I see you again?"

"Some day, perhaps."

"One minute, Jack, before you go, won't you tell me how you got those diamonds—they are the Darley diamonds?"

"...t they are, the simplest thing would be to ask Lord Darley."

"But Jack, nobody can ask him; he has not been heard of for two years."

"That is his business, not mine. At any rate, I lent you the diamonds in New York, I claim them in London and you have given them back like the straightforward, honest girl I believed you to be when I trusted you with them."

"Why did you go away so mysteriously, and never write to me, or let me hear of you till now?"

"Some day you may know that also. Good night and good by."

Jack Dalmain bent forward and pressed his lips to Maggie's forehead, and in a moment more he had gone.

The girl flung herself into a chair and sobbed hysterically.

She had a wild feeling that she had seen her lover for the last time, and that there was some mysterious crime connected with the diamonds that had played so strange a part in her little life story.

The next morning she found Mr. Oldfield's card and drove to his office at once.

He received her courteously, and inquired with a playful smile if the diamonds were all right.

"No," replied Miss Montressor, "I have given them up."

"Given them up!"

"Yes, to the man who lent them to me —the man whose photograph I showed you. He came last night and claimed them."

"My dear young lady, this is serious, you ought to have communicated with me first. This Mr.—Mr.——"

"Dalmain!"

"Mr. Dalmain might have given us some information as to Lord Darley. He couldn't have obtained the diamonds without knowing something of him I presume. Do you know where he is now, this Mr. Dalmain?"

"No, he gave me no information. He reminded me of my promsie, and I kept it, that was all."

Mr. Oldfield was puzzled. He could still do nothing. Again the Darley diamonds had mysteriously disappeared, but still he was unable to say that their rightful owner had not taken them. It was quite possible that Lord Darley had at some time disposed of them quietly, and that Mr. Dalmain had purchased them in a legitimate way either directly or indirectly, of his lordship. The heir, Lord Darley's cousin, had consulted him several times on the matter, but in the absence of proof of wrongful possession and his lordship's continuing to make no sign he had, after consulting with the police, come to the conclusion that nothing could be done.

Miss Montresor went from the lawyer's office to the Merriment Theater and informed the manager that she would not appear any more. She had parted with her diamonds and was going back to America. Without the diamonds the manager did not want her and accepted her resignation, and a week later Miss Montressor sailed for New York, and London saw her no more.

But one day, many months afterward, while travelling with a theatrical company, she picked up in a hotel in San Francisco, a copy of the New York "Herald" and her attention was arrested by a headline which sent a thrill through every vein. "Extraordinary Story of an English Lord," and reading on she learned how, after a long disappearance, during which his friends had given him up for dead, a certain Lord Darley had been discovered accidently by a traveller in South Africa, among a tribe of Zulus in an out of the way part of the country rarely visited by white men.

His lordship had a strange story to tell. When he came out to South Africa he landed at Fort Elizabeth, and there met with an old acquaintance, a Mr. Dalmain, a wealthy Peruvian of English origin, who had ben a distant connection of Lady Darley's. On the last occasion Mr. Dalmain had been in London he had purchased of Lady Darley, who unknown to her family had for some time past been investing large sums of money in disastrous speculations, the famous Darley diamonds. A that time Mr. Dalmain was engaged to be maried to a wealthy American lady, and the diamonds he intended to give her as a wedding present. But the marriage was broken off, and Mr. Dalmain plunged into dissipation and seemed strangely affected in his mind. He was travelling in South Africa for his health, he told Lord Darley, and he agreed to join him in a hunting expedition After they had been away a month together, one day, when they were in a wild part of the country far out of the beaten track, Mr. Dalmain and his acquaintance had a slight quarrel, instantly the former seemed seized with a fit of madness, and before Lord Darley could offer any resistance he attacked him savagely with the butt end of his gun and left him senseless and apparently dead alone in the bush.

In this condition his lordship was found and captured by the Zulu tribe, who made him a prisoner and carried him away with them. They evidently attached to him some qualities which he did not possess, for he gradually gathered that they looked upon him as a protection from the attacks of white men, and believed that as long as he was with them they would prosper in their attacks upon the tribes with whom they occasionally had warlike engagements. At any rate, they took every precaution against his escape, and so he remained for two years completely cut off from civilization and unable to communicate with his friends, until his accidental discovery by a white traveler led to means being taken to effect his release.

Immediately on Lord Darley's return to civilization his first task, after communicating with his friends in England, was to find out what had become of Mr. Dalmain, and inquiries which were instituted resulted in the discovery that the would-be murderer had resumed his old life and had in New York made the acquaintance of an actress whom he had presented with the Darley diamonds. He had left suddenly, the reason being, it was surmised, that he had felt his mania returning, and had purposely gone away and given himself in charge of a doctor who kept a private establishment for the treatment of such mental cases. The doctor had been found and had stated that Mr. Dalmain had been in the habit of coming to him at intervals, generally once a year, and requesting him to take care of him until the mania had passed away, as he dreaded what he might do if he was left to control his own actions.

Such cases, though not common, were well known to specialists in mental diseases.

Mr. Dalmain remained for six months with the doctor, and then announced his intention of traveling in Europe, and it was assumed he had arrived in London at the very time the actress to whom he had given the diamonds was wearing them on the stage of a London theater. From Lord Darley's solicitor it was ascertained that she was visited by Mr. Dalmain and had given the diamonds up to him; his reason for getting them away from her being probably he had learned they were exciting attention, and he fancied that if through her they were traced to him his connection with the missing Lord Darley might be traced also, and the murder, which he believed he had committed, would be traced home to him.

The New York "Herald" concluded by stating that at the time of writing Mr. Dalmain's whereabouts were unknown, but the diamonds, it was believed, had been deposited with his solicitor, who had put them in his strong room for safe custody.

* * * * *

A fortnight later Maggie Moutressor learned through the newspapers that Mr. Dalmain had heard of Lord Darley's reappearance, and had, fearing that he would be arrested, put an end to his own life.

The mystery of the Darley diamonds was explained at last, and Maggie Montressor, who felt her former lover's fate very much, and was desirous of avoiding the notoriety which her own share in the strange life drama would bring her, left the stage altogether, and resuming her own name of Clafferton, eventually married a young farmer in her native district, and did her best to forget her former career and the days when she was the envied wearer of the Darley diamonds.

THE END.

THE KANGROO COURT.

The Peculiar Tribunal Which Holds Sway in American Jails.

The most interesting of these impromptu clubs is the one called in the vernacular "The Kangroo Court." It is found almost entirely in country jails in which petty offenders and persons are awaiting trial are confined. During the day the prisoners are allowed the freedom of a large hall, and at night they lodge in cells, the locks of which are sometimes fastened and sometimes not. The hall contains tables, benches, daily papers, and, in some instances, stoves and kitchen utensils. The prisoners can and do walk, jump and play various games. After a while these games become tiresome, and "The Kangroo Court" is formed. It consists of all the prisoners, and the officers are elected by them. The positions they fill are the "judgeship," the "searchership," the "spankership," and general "juryship." To illustrate these various officials, I shall give a personal experience in a county jail in New York state. It was my first encounter with the "Kangaroo Court."

I had been arrested for sleeping in an empty "box-car." The watchman found me and lodged me in the station-house, where I spent a most gloomy night wondering what my punishment would be. Early in the mornig I was brought before "the squire." He asked me what my name might be, and I replied that "it might be Billy Rice."

"What are you doing around here, Billy?" he queried further.

"Looking for work, your Honor."

"Thirty days," he thundered at me, and I was led away to the jail proper. I had three companions at the time, and after we had passed the sheriff and his clerk, who had noted down all the facts, imaginary and otherwise, that we had cared to give him about our family histories, we were ushered pellmell into the large hall. Surrounded in a twinkling by the other prisoners, we were asked to explain our general principles and misdemeanors. This over, and a few salutations exchanged, a tall and lanky rogue cried out in a loud voice,

"The Kangru will now kleet."

There were about twenty present, and they soon planted themselves about us in a most solemn manner. Some rested on their haunches, others lounged against the walls, and still others sat quietly on the flag stones. As soon as entire quiet had been reached, the tall fellow who, by the way, was the judge, instructed a half-grown companion, whom he nicknamed the "searcher," to bring his charges against the new comers. He approached us solmenly, and in a most conventional manner, and said:

"Prisners—you are charged with havin' boodle in yer pockets. Wha' does ye plead—guilty or not guilty?"

I was the first in line and pleaded not guilty.

"Are ye willin' to be searched?" asked the judge.

"I am, your honor," I replied.

Then the searcher inspected all my pockets, the lining of my coat, the leather band inside my hat, my shoes and my socks, and finding nothing in the shape of money, declared that I was guiltless.

"You are discharged," exclaimed the judge, and the jurymen ratified the decision with a grunt.

A young fellow, a vagrant by profession, was the next case. He pleaded not guilty, and allowed himself to be searched. But unfortunately he had forgotten a solitary cent which was in his vest pocket. It was quickly confiscated, and he was remanded for trial on the charge of contempt of the "Kangru." The next victim pleaded guilty to the possession of 36 cents, and was relieved of half. The last man was the guiltiest of all, although he pleaded innocence, was found out, and his three dollars were taken away from him instanter; he, too, was charged with contempt of court. His case came up soon after the preliminaries were over, and he was sentenced by the judge to walk the length of the corridor one hundred and three times each day of his confinement, besides washing all the dishes used at dinner for a week.

After all the trials were over, the confiscated money was handed to the genuine turnkey, with the instructions that it be invested in tobacco. Later in the day the tobacco was brought into the jail and equally divided among all the prisoners.

The next day I, with the other late arrivals, was initiated as a member of the Kangaroo Court. It was a very simple proceeding. I had to promise that I would always do my share of the necessary cleaning and washing, and also be honest and fair in judging the cases which might come up for trial.

Since then I have had opportunities of studying other Kangaroo courts, but they have all been very much like the one I have described. They are both socialistic and autocratic, and at times they are very funny. But wherever they are they command the respect of the jail birds, and if a prisoner insults the court he is punished very severely. Moreover it avails him nothing to complain to the authorities. He has too many against him, and the best thing he can do is to become one of them as soon as possible.—From "Club Life Among Outcasts," by Josiah Flynt, in Harper's Magazine for April.

Health and vigor maintained by using Adams' Tutti Frutti. It strengthens digestion. Refuse imitations.

Customer—Fifty cents for filling this prescription? Why, at the drug store down the street they charged me only a quarter.

Druggist—That's all its worth at that store, ma'am. They put about four cents worth of drugs in the bottle and fill it up with water. I put in the same drugs and fill the bottle up with finest aqua pura. Thanks, anything else?

"It is plain," said the justice, "that you stole the hog, and I shall send you up for twelve months."

"Jedge, ef you kin gimme 'bout one hour 'fo' I goes I doesn't care."

"What for?"

"Well, suh, pork won't keep in dis weather, en I wants ter go home en salt dat hog down."

"I ought to have known better than to come here," said the departing drummer to the landlord. "I was told before that it was a one-horse hotel."

"Well, there's no use kicking now," was the placid response.

"No, I just wanted to stop long enough to express my sympathy for the horse."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT

DOCTOR SWEANY, SPECIALIST,

Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa. who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, Wash. 713 Front St. (Union Block), where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future as they have in the past from the ablest and most successful specialist of the age.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, aversion to society, stupidness, despondency, loss of energy, ambition and self-confidence, which deprive you of your manhood, a secret worry unfit for study, business or marriage, you should take treatment from this noted specialist before it is too late.

MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN—There are thousands of you troubled with weak aching backs and kidneys, frequent painful urination and sediment in the urine, and other unmistakable signs of previous debility and prematture decay. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success. Delay is dangerous.

PRIVATE Diseases—Inflammation, Strictures, Weakness of Organs, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly cured without pain or detention from business.

CATARRH—Which poisons the breath, stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption. Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Ruptures, Piles, Fistula treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Syphilitic Taints, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema and Blood Poison, primary or secondary thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

LADIES—If you are suffering from ...sistent Headaches, Painful Menstruation, Irregularities, Displacements, Leucorrhœa, Ulceration, or any of the ...ar ailments peculiar to our sex, you should consult Dr. Sweany without delay.

WRITE Your troubles if living away from the city. Thousands cured at home by correspondence. Strictly confidential. Medicine sent secure from observation. Book entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH" sent free to those describing their troubles. Address

LEVERETT SWEANY, M. D.
(Union Block)
713 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

ANDREW SHERET,
Plumber and Gas Fitter,
Late of Oriental Alley, has removed to 14 FORT ST. Estimates given on sewerage connections. mar. 8-1m.

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.
The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.
CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

Chew Tuckett's T&B "Mahogany" and "Black" Chewing Tobacco

Manufactured by
The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd.,
Hamilton, Ont.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Indian Girls' Home, Alberni," will be received up to the 13th day of April, 1895, for the erection of a building at Alberni, B.C., two miles from the steamboat landing.

A separate tender will be required for the plumbing connected with the said building.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans and specifications and full information may be seen at the office of Messrs. Alfred W. Wilson, 11 and 13 Broad street, Victoria.

M. SWARTOUT.
Alberni, March 27th. a1-3t

Sewer Pipe

I have now for sale about twenty thousand feet best Scotch salt glazed SEWER PIPES (3 feet lengths), and all kinds of traps and fittings. The ONLY Pipe in Victoria to stand the test! ! !

Tiles . . . . . .

Received large consignment by last ship from England of Glazed, Printed and Art Tiles, for hearths, and floors. The Latest Styles.

J. W. Keller,
Corner Yates and Quadra Streets.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

THE UNEMPLOYED.

In order that the unemployed may have a chance of utilising idle land in the outskirts of the city for cultivation for the purpose of raising food for themselves and families, I shall be pleased to confer with parties who are willing to grant free use of such lands for the season. Those willing to assist in this good work will please leave their address and particulars at the City Clerk's office.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.
Victoria, B. C., March 14th, 1895.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Annual Meeting of the Company Held in Montreal This Afternoon.

The Depression Throughout the Country Has Enforced Economy.

Montreal, April 3.—At the annual meeting of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to-day the annual report was unanimously adopted and the old board unanimously re-elected. On submitting the report the president said: "In submitting the annual report, I beg leave to say that at the time of our annual meeting two years ago there were indications of serious business disturbances in the United States, but so far as we could see, the causes of the growing troubles there did not prevail in Canada, beyond a temporary shrinkage of the lumber trade and of our market for certain other productions of the country, resulting from the depressed conditions in the United States, and beyond a shrinkage of summer travel from the United States due to the same cause, our depression here in Canada seems to have been due mainly to the excessively low prices which have prevailed during the past two years for our farm products. These low prices have enforced economy throughout the country and especially in the West. Local travel has consequently been much reduced and since it costs as much to run a full passenger train as one half full, the loss has affected our profits almost as much as it has our gross passenger earnings, and so with our telegraphs, express, sleeping cars and other adjuncts of the service, the expenses of which have little direct relation to their earnings. West-bound freight traffic, which consists largely of general merchandise and affords higher rates than any other, has also been largely reduced and an unusual proportion of returning grain and cattle cars had to go West empty; and this again has told heavily upon our profits. A comparison of the returns from stations on all parts of the system shows that every district has suffered, the old as well as the new, and nearly all in a like proportion. With 1,338 reporting stations, small decreases at each of them make a heavy aggregate, but as small an increase at each will, as quickly, bring a decided turn the other way. Bad times found the railway and its equipment in excellent physical condition, and although the working expenses have always been closely held down, it has been possible in this emergency, to make large savings without impairing the efficiency, and I must not fail to speak of the loyalty and heartiness with which every officer and employee of the company has responded to the demands of economy, showing an interest in the welfare of the company such as has been rarely displayed anywhere. Referring particularly to the report now before you, I desire to say that it has been the aim of the directors to make it so full and explicit as to leave no room for misapprehension. The balance sheet has been re-arranged with a view to clearness, and explanatory schedules will be found following it. It will be seen that important items, the advances to the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Saulte Ste Marie and Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railways on interests account, together with interest to the company's land bonds, have been charged directly against the revenue and that the accumulated advances of interest on land prior to 1894 have been charged against surplus earnings. This has been done because the return of those several amounts to your treasury cannot be expected until after a revival in business shall enable the railways named to discharge their obligations to your company, and as regarding the land bonds interest, until a return of agricultural prosperity enables the company to realize from its land assets. We hope that we will not have long to wait, but meantime it is no doubt best to keep before us the worst aspect of our position, by writing out of the surplus all the items, which at the moment appear to be of a remote or doubtful character. It is evident that, in the minds of some, our surplus as reported has been mistaken for a cash reserve, and it may be proper to explain that surplus earnings as shown in the balance sheet have represented accumulated balances of net earnings, after paying fixed charges and dividends. Part of this surplus has gone, as shown from year to year, towards making up deficits on interest on land bonds, which have not been treated as fixed charges for the reasons stated in the present report and in that for 1893. The remainder of the surplus, except the special reserve in 1893 of $4,000,000, concerning which the report contains full explanation, has practically constituted the company's current working capital. It has sometimes been represented almost wholly by cash in the bank, at other times it has been more or less in use in various transactions of the company. Some times it has in part been used for new works or properties, in advance of the sale of new securities applicable to them; at other times in part loaned on securities otherwise invested. The remainder of the surplus, after writing off the important items mentioned in the report, is largely exceeded by the floating assets of the company, as shown in the balance sheet. I may say for the information of the shareholders that after the payment of all interests, rental and other mandatory charges due up to this time and the payments of dividends on preference stock on 1st of April, we have cash in the bank of $3,193,000, and as stated in the report, the company is entirely free from floating debt of any kind, aside from the current monthly payments and accounts, which are practically set off by the station balances and current accounts receivable. In reference to the Minneapolis, St Paul and Sault Ste. Marie and Duluth South Shore and Atlantic railways, I would like to point out that your company has been interested in these properties for about seven years and has been responsible as guarantee for interest for the past five years, and although we have had occasion several times to raise temporary advances for various purposes, in the common interests, it can be stated that aside from advances to Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railway in respect to the Duluth and Winnipeg railway, which were made early in 1893 before the troubles of that year appeared. All of the present indebtedness of both railways mentiond to your company for advances for interest and other accounts, accumulated during 1894, and practically all during the first seven months of the year, were due almost wholly to the exceptional conditions prevailing in the States, which were most severely felt by these lines during the last half of 1893 and the first half of 1894. With reference to the fears that have been expressed concerning a recurrence of the floods in British Columbia, which cost us so much money last year, I wish to say that the lines were constructed above the reach of any higher water that has occurred during the fifty years the country has been known to white men and above any known to the Indians by tradition or otherwise, and a probability of a similar combination of circumstances, to that which produced it, is extremely remote. Reference has recently been made in some of the financial journals abroad to what is called "inside selling" of the company's shares, presumably selling by the directors or others prominently connected with the company and in a position to be familiar with its affairs. A list of the shareholders now on the table will show that the trifling changes in the holdings do not warrant any such statement. I may take occasion to say in this connection that while in the history of the company some of the directors have incurred heavy risks, many made perhaps unwarrantable sacrifices in its interest, it can safely be affirmed that no one of them have been defined to the extent of one penny through any of its works or operations. In conclusion, I beg to say that we have been perhaps over sanguine in the past, and although the outcome has nearly always justified the expectations of your directors, it is only since we have been reached by the extraordinary commercial storms of the past eighteen months, that we have fallen materially short of our anticipations, and the conditions which prevailed during that period, were quite beyond the limit of human foresight, and while we have suffered in common with our neighboring competitors, we may be pardoned if we take comfort from the fact that our loss of earnings has been small as compared with most other lines of similar mileage. Directors and officials have undiminished confidence in the successful future of your railway and believe that the difficulties through which we are passing, will not only have taught us some useful lessons, but will prove the strength rather than the weakness of the company. The annual report submitted is unusually full and contains detailed explanations of the balance sheet items and everything relating to the financial position of the company. The report says the continued decline in the price of wheat, resulting in the scarcity of money among farmers, caused a contraction of the trade of the manufacturers of Canada, which, combined with the extraordinary commercial depression of the United States, and produced an average state of affairs, which the directors hardly thought possible a year ago, resulting in a loss of earnings much greater than could be met by the reduction of expenses. The company sustained an additional heavy loss by the floods in British Columbia, interrupting their traffic to the Pacific Coast for forty-one days. The year's results suffered consequently to the extent of $550,000 in the loss of earnings and the extra expenses and cost of repairing the damage. The Pacific steamships show increased profits of $80,000, but the profits of the other adjuncts of the service were all reduced. The land and townsite sales nearly ceased owing to the depressed conditions, and all the land bond interest had to be paid from current funds. The interest on the land bonds had not been treated as fixed charges for the reasons stated in the annual report of 1888. The company has, exclusive of the lands covered by its land bonds, two and a half million acres on the branch line, which lands are unencumbered, and all townsites and $800,000 of deferred payment on land and townsite sales is applicable. This interest, which in ordinary times should be sufficient, but not being realizable at the present, on account of the conditions of the last years, the land bond interest is now charged against revenue and accumulated advances of interest charged against bonds prior to the last year are written off against the surplus earnings. The advances made to the Duluth company toward the interest charges was $456,000 and $231,000 for other purposes. The advances made to the Minneapolis company towards interest was $694,000 and $467,000 for other purposes. These advances on interest guarantees, although expected to be recovered, are written off against last year's revenue and like the land bond interest the company's obligations respecting these lines will be treated as fixed charges. The Minneapolis company was able, without assistance, to meet its last half year's interest, falling due on the first of January, and the Duluth company nearly so, but the former will require some further assistance during the first half of the present year. Notwithstanding the temporary paralysis of trade severely affecting these lines, the directors repeat the opinion concerning the wisdom of securing them and express the belief that the causes of the bad results last year, are too exceptional to be taken as affecting the value of either the C. P. R or the subsidiary lines. The advances made to the Duluth, South Shore company early in 1893 and before the present depression began, of $1,316,000, enabled it to control the Duluth & Winnipeg railway. The conditions ensuing prevented financial arrangements for the return of the money to the company's treasury and the Duluth & Winnipeg's securities are still held against the advance and are at present realizable as indicating the extraordinary conditions to which the C. P. R and more especially its subsidiary lines have been exposed. A statement is appended to the report showing the decreased earnings of the seventeen leading railways in the United States in 1894 as compared with 1893, aggregating more than eight million dollars and that many of the companies have already suffered enormous losses in 1893 as compared with 1892. The improvement is chiefly permanent, the bridges made during the year costing $1,192,000. A steamship for the Pacific Coast trade was built at a cost of $221,000 and the maturing car trust obligations paid were $1,[illegible]00,000. These expenditures on capital account were covered by the issue of £300,000 debenture stocks. The report states that the authority of the company to create a debenture stock is now exhausted within £116,000, except for the purpose of conversion, with permanent work during the year. The estimated expenditures on capital account during the present year is $461,000. An arrangement was completed with the Quebec government whereby the interest on $7,000,000 due the province on account of the sections of the line between Montreal and Ottawa was reduced from 5 to 4 1-20 per cent., effecting an annual saving of $66,500. The report mentions the gratifying development of the mining industries in British Columbia and the increase in mixed farming. The Northwest cattle shipments last year were double that of any previous year. The land sales last year were 89,467 acres for $159,631, against 107,368 acres for $352,807 during the previous year. The company has unsold 17,272,000 acres besides townsites. The wisdom of the payment of a full half-yearly dividend last August may now be questioned, but in June when it was declared, there was no reason to doubt that with the new crops a revival of trade would come both in Canada and the U.S. and securities held in the company's treasury would, at least to the extent of the advances from the special fund for other than dividend purposes, become available and that the dividends might therefore be continued without interruption or risk. Unhappily the situation grew worse instead of better as time went on, and the opening of the present year brought no improvement. Your directors decided that the payment of dividends for the second half of the year would be unwise. Following is a summary of the year's results: Gross earnings, $18,752,167; working expenses, $12,328,858; net earnings, $6,423,309. Add interest earned on deposit and loans $200,012, and interest due from the Duluth company on its bonds held by the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. against its debenture stock issued, $884,000. Less advanced by C. P. company, $556,187. Deduct fixed charges including interest on land bonds and debenture stock issued against the bonds due the Duluth Company $6,580,378. Deduct contingent liabilities interest paid for Minneapolis Company $694,187. Deficiency in revenue, $526,731. The surplus earnings account at the end of 1893 was $7,251,213. From this has been charged off the deficiency as above $526,731. Dividends and preference stock for 1894 paid October 1, 94 $128,480. Dividend ordinary stock paid August 1894, $1,625,000. Interest land bonds advanced previous to 1894, $2,112 729. Total $4,521,420. Leaving surplus earnings at the end of 1894 $2,730,705.

Date Locals.

—The steamer City of Kingston will not arrive from the Sound until after 6 o'clock this evening having been delayed transferring Oriental freight brought by the steamer Tacoma.

—A few nights ago one of the female performers at the Delmonico music hall was struck in the eye by some man who was spending the evening in the place. The man left the place shortly after and has not been located yet. The assault grew out of some trivial matter.

—The headquarter companies of the B. C. B. G. A. will parade to church on Sunday but to what church has not yet been determined. It will be the last parade before Lieut.-Col. Prior, M. P., leaves for Ottawa and a good turn out is desired.

—The city of Puebla sails to-night for San Francisco. She will have a large number of passengers. The following have booked from here: Mrs. Joseph Boyd and children, W. E. McLean, wife and children, Miss D. J. McLean, Miss M. McLean, John McLellan, A. M. Depew, S. W. Kennedy, John Knight, E. Rancroft, H. Mackenzie and wife, R. H. Douglas, S. F. Atkinson, J. M. Atkinson, R. S. Swarts, D. Chryssanthians, Miss K. V. Burke, Miss Lulu Perkins, G. W. Kennedy, Mrs. De Carley and children.

$25 Suits for $17.00.

R. J. MATTHEWS, Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St.

Is selling a fine lot of $25 Suits for $17. First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $10 up. Good pants to order from $3.50 up. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.

101 DOUGLAS STREET.

AN ODD BEQUEST.

An old Vienna Merchant's Legacy for the Cause of Science.

Science is about to profit by the will of an old man who died in Vienna on Tuesday morning at the age of 92. His name was Teitl, and he left his whole fortune—with the exception of some bequests to faithful servants, to pension funds and to a children's hospital—to the Academy of Sciences for scientific research in astronomy, the exploration of the earth and physics and chemistry. This he did as he said in his will for "the greater glory of God, that men and women may become happier by being more cultured and educated, and also for the simplification of medical science," whatever that may mean. The smaller bequests amount to over £25,000 and what is left all goes to the Academy. This will be considerably over £80,000. The old man went to Vienna poor and unprotected over seventy years ago and carried his fortune in commerce, but never lived as if he were rich. He had a little lodging in the fourth story of one of his houses, and occupied it in the winter with a housekeeper and servant. In the summer he had a little cottage at Hietzing, to which he always rode in an omnibus. He had neither kith nor kin. His scientific propensities were unknown to his very best friends. But it appears that he was fond of making physical and mathematical experiments of testing watches by the movements of the stars, and so forth. But he was only a self-educated man from first to last, and his will reads like a document composed 100 years ago. It will be difficult to apply the money to the purposes he had in his mind, as the will allows of very different interpretations.—London Daily News.

DIED.

HOLMAN—At Metchosin, on the 3rd inst., John Holman, a native of Camborne, Cornwall, England, aged 75 years.

The funeral will take place on Friday, at 10:30 a.m., from the residence of Mrs. Gleed, Metchosin, and from the I. O. O. F. Hall, Douglas street, at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

BUTLER—At No. 34 Victoria Crescent, on the 3rd instant, Sarah A. Butler, the beloved wife of Capt. J. W. Butler, a native of Dartmouth, England, aged 67 years.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, April 6th, at 2:30 p. m., from the family residence as above.

Friends are invited to attend.

BRYANT.—Wm. C. Bryant, sr., aged 59 years and 9 months; on the 31st day of March, about 5 o'clock.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the Ancient Order of United Workmen Building Association, Ltd., will be held on Thursday morning, April 11th, at Capt. G. D. Warren's Office, Fremont Ave., for the purpose of authorizing the directors to mortgage the property of the company.

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
Secretary.

ap3-td

TENDERS

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until 4 o'clock on the 8th instant, for supplying to the Corporation for completing the new Electric Light Plant, 10 miles D. B. weather proof, No. 6 (Brown and Sharp's gauge) Copper Wire, to be delivered within 30 days from date of awarding tender.

A certified cheque for 5 per cent. of amount of tender and sample of wire must accompany each tender.

The lowest or tender not necessarily accepted.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., City Clerk's Office, April 3rd, 1895.

TENDERS.

Will be received by the undersigned for 22 Suits of Clothing for the Police Force of the City of Victoria, up to Monday, the Eighth day of April, at 4 p.m. Specifications as to material and workmanship can also be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. H. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the City.
City Hall, Victoria, B.C., April 3rd, 1895.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

Served at the

Poodle Dog Restaurant

From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.
Regular meals with glass of beer or claret, 50 cents.

18 LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

MRS. S. J LENONT,

OF SEATTLE.

Clairvoyant, Test and Business Medium.

Room 2, Dominion Hotel, Yates Street.
Hours from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. a1-1w

GOOD DRY WOOD,

$3.50 per Cord

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AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

2—NIGHTS—2

Wednesday & Thursday, April 3 & 4

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50 PEOPLE. PERFECT ORGANIZATION
Under the Direction of MR. JOHN MAGUIRE.

The most talented, best equipped and complete travelling Comic Opera Company extant, producing with a wealth of magnificence in costumes and stage appointments—the latest—Operatic Successes—Greatest. Wednesday "FALKA," by Cheeseni; Thursday, "BLACK MANTLES," by Bucoscet. Efficient orchestra; powerful chorus; a bevy of beautiful young ladies; presenting an unexcelled ensemble. Prices, $1, 75c., gallery, 50c. Seats now on sale at Jamieson's.

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They are simply perfect.

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THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Laurentian	Apr 13
Allan Line, Numidian	Apr 27
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Apr 20
Dominion Line, Oregon	May 4

From New York.

Cunard Line, Umbria	Apr 13
Cunard Line, Lucania	Apr 20
Cunard Line, Etruria	Apr 27
American Line, New York	Apr 17
American Line, Berlin	Apr 24
American Line, Paris	May 1
White Star Line, Britannic	Apr 17
White Star Line, Majestic	Apr 24
White Star Line, Adriatic	May 1
North German Lloyd, Lahn	Apr 23
North German Lloyd, Fulda	Apr 27
North German Lloyd, Trave	Apr 30
Anchor Line, Anchoria	Apr 20
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Apr 27
Anchor Line, Furnessia	May 4
Red Star Line, Friesland	Apr 17
Red Star Line, Rhynland	Apr 24
Red Star Line, Pennland	Apr 27
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A lot of VERY FINE GOODS to hand. Inspection invited.

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